

# Crawford Avalanche

JUSTICE AND RIGHT

OSCAR P. SCHUMANN, Editor and Proprietor

VOLUME XL

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, MARCH 28, 1918.

NUMBER 13

## Saturday Specials

Home Smoked Hams, whole.....33-35c  
Hog Liver, 3 lbs. for ..... 25c  
All 35c Oleomargarine ..... 32c  
Dill Pickles, 3 quarts ..... 25c  
Canned Vegetables, 2 cans for ..... 25c  
Plain Olives 10c, 3 for ..... 25c  
Plain Olives 15c, 2 for ..... 25c  
Sour Pickles 15c doz., 2 doz. for ..... 25c

Cash and Carry Saves  
4 Per Cent

## Strictly Cash Market

F. H. MILKS

Phone No. 2

## Your Needs Satisfied Your Wants Gratified

We guarantee to not only SATISFY your  
NEEDS, but to GRATIFY your WANTS  
in best groceries. We have

FOR YOUR NEEDS—The best Coffee, and Tea of highest  
quality, and all of the other necessities  
of a comfortable life.

FOR YOUR WANTS—Canned Fruits and Vegetables, Jel-  
lies and Jams, Pickles, Sauces, etc.  
Breakfast Foods, Cakes, Candies, and  
Fresh Fruits in abundance.

OUR WATCHWORD—"Purity and Freshness, and at a  
living price."

H. Petersen,  
GROCER  
Phone No. 25



## Service That Wins

The service that WINS is the service that SAT-  
ISFIES. Our service is of that kind.

FIRST. We give you just what you want if it  
is in the house.

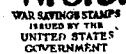
SECOND. We employ every effort to have  
what you want.

THIRD. We never seek to put off on a custo-  
mer a substitute for an article called for, unless the  
customer so desires.

This three-fold policy has secured for us a line  
of SATISFIED CUSTOMERS of which we are  
indeed proud.

Ours is a store of SATISFACTION, and we  
want to satisfy you.

Salling, Hanson Co. **W.S.S.**  
Hardware Department



## INSURANCE

It is more  
profitable  
to insure  
BEFORE  
the fire  
than  
AFTER  
INSURE

Will not PREVENT the fire  
but it will give you a mighty  
thankful feeling after the  
flames have cleaned you out.

We represent some of the  
most substantial and prompt  
paying companies in the  
world, companies that do a  
tremendous business all over  
this country.

Only a trifling amount annu-  
ally will protect you against  
the loss by fire of a life time  
of savings. Is it wise to de-  
lay even one single day?

O. Palmer

FIRE INSURANCE  
and SURETY BONDS

## WORKING FOR COUNTRY'S DEFENSE

### WAR BOARDS MET IN GRAY- LING.

Members From Crawford, Otsego,  
Roscommon and Oscoda Hear  
Ringling Speeches.

In obedience to a summons of the  
district War board, members of the  
war boards of Crawford, Otsego, Ros-  
common and Oscoda counties met at  
Grayling Monday afternoon and open-  
ed session in the School auditorium.

The assembly after several selec-  
tions by the Grayling band, all joined  
in singing America.

T. Hanson, as chairman of the local  
county board, welcomed the commit-  
tees from the various counties rep-  
resented and said that we were glad to  
have them with us. He introduced  
Wm. E. Stanton, organizer of the Lib-  
erty loan committee in this part of the  
state, who took charge of the meeting.

Mr. Stanton got busy and called for  
reports from the several war commit-  
tees of the counties in session. As  
chairman of the Liberty loan commit-  
tee of Crawford county, T. Hanson  
told of the work that was done here in  
both former drives and of the methods  
used and the success attained. In  
both drives we greatly over-subscribed  
the quotas assigned us.

S. W. Buck of Otsego county said  
that both loans were over-subscribed  
in their county. He said that in ad-  
dition to advertising, the work of ob-  
taining subscriptions was carried on  
by two committees, one men's com-  
mittee of 50 and a women's committee  
of 25 members. They used the house  
to house method to a large extent.  
He left no doubt among his auditors  
that Otsego county means business.

Chairman W. B. Orcutt of Roscom-  
mon county said they were successful  
in their former drives due to down-  
right pluck. Their county is small,  
and valuation not large, and that  
there are no large industries nor  
wealthy citizens. They had some  
difficulty and appreciated the help  
received from citizens of Crawford  
county.

Much the same condition existed in  
Oscoda county as there was in Ros-  
common. This is one of the mostly  
sparsely settled counties in Michigan,  
and it is with difficulty that their com-  
mittee was able to carry out the work.  
Prosecuting Attorney Merle Nellist  
of Mio reported for that county and  
said that they would be better orga-  
nized for the next drive.

At this part of the program the  
band rendered Yankee Doodle in a  
most inspiring manner.

Mrs. Olaf Michelson, chairman of  
Crawford county gave a very compre-  
hensive report of the work done and  
being done by the Crawford County  
Red Cross chapter.

Melvin A. Bates accounted for the  
work of the War Savings committee  
of Crawford county. Michigan is rat-  
ed 46th among the states in this  
branch of the war work. Nebraska is  
first with a per capita of \$4.39 while  
we have only 31c per capita. Craw-  
ford county, has a per capita of \$1.09,  
thus it appears that some of the coun-  
ties are very slack in this work. The  
average per capita is 89c, and no doubt  
Michigan will eventually establish a  
more enviable record.

John Yuill of Vanderbilt, chairman  
of Otsego county Red Cross said that  
that county had the best committee in  
Michigan. They have 1,600 members,  
and the county is going "over the top"  
in all their war work.

Fred Johnson of Roscommon said  
his county had 567 members out of a  
population of 2,500 people, and the  
Chapter is doing good work.

Mrs. S. W. Buck of Grayling stated  
that their chapter had 400 workers be-  
sides 150 knitters. There is an aver-  
age of 20 ladies at work at the chapter  
rooms every afternoon. Attorney Nel-  
list told of some of the difficulty they  
were having with a Pro-German com-  
munity in Oscoda county. He also  
made a good report as to the work in  
the Liberty loans and War Savings  
committees besides the Red Cross.

Mrs. S. N. Ingle, Crawford county  
chairman of the Women's Board for  
Registration gave a fine report of the  
work being done in that line, and of  
their co-operation in the work of the  
various women's committees. The  
work of registration is well planned  
and at the proper time will be fully  
carried out.

tried to give the people an idea of the  
truly critical condition of the war.

He said that the people of the Unit-  
ed States are not scared as to the out-  
come for at some certain time the al-  
lies are going to win. And further  
he stated that after this war Germany  
and America cannot both live—one  
must perish before the principles for  
which their governments stand.

The intentions of the Germans as  
planned many years ago were care-  
fully gone over by Mr. Pulver, clearly  
showing that the taking of America  
was one of the parts in their war pro-  
gram. He said that in this country  
there are two kinds of people living—  
Americans and Anti-Americans or Pro-  
Germans.

A few closing remarks were made  
by Chairman T. Hanson, and he laid  
special emphasis upon the fact that it  
was expected that all members of  
the War board would be held respon-  
sible for the work assigned them and  
that every supervisor in Crawford  
county would be personally held re-  
sponsible for the success of every  
movement within their respective  
township. "We are held responsible  
for the welfare of every one of our  
boys that have gone to the front." He  
said that every person in Craw-  
ford county is going to be indexed  
showing just where they stand. There  
is no question but that our Crawford  
county chairman means BUSINESS,  
and if the visiting delegates carry  
back to their home communities some  
of Mr. Hanson's spirit, there are go-  
ing to be at least four counties in  
Michigan where it is going to be ex-  
tremely dangerous for any disloyal  
person or luke-warm patriot to open  
their peeps.

The delegates enjoyed a banquet at  
Shoppenagon's Inn in the even-  
ing, as guests of Mr. and Mrs. T.  
Hanson.

The following delegates from out-  
of the city registered at the meeting:

### Otsego County.

Jas. Cummings.  
A. H. VanDoran.  
Helen A. Collier.  
A. T. Martindale.  
Mrs. G. A. Lord.  
Editor Glenn R. Miner.  
Mrs. Glenn R. Miner.  
S. W. Buck.  
Mrs. S. W. Buck.  
F. B. Rhodes.  
F. S. Kramer.  
Mrs. F. S. Kramer.  
Allen Schreier.

VANDERBILT.  
John Yuill.  
Mrs. John Yuill.  
Thomas Yuill.  
William J. Rooke.  
Mrs. William J. Rooke.

### Roscommon County.

ROSCOMMON.  
Wm. F. Johnston.  
Chas. K. Chase.  
Turs. K. Sterner.  
Editor D. E. Matheson.  
W. B. Orcutt.

### Oscoda County.

Merle F. Nellist, Mio.

### Crawford County.

JOHN BRANCH.  
Oliver B. Scott.  
Frank Barber.  
Frank Richardson.  
Joseph J. Royce.

### FRIDERIC.

C. S. Barber.  
Charles Craven.  
James A. Kalahar.

### LOVELLS.

James E. Kellogg.  
George F. Owen.  
T. E. Bauglia.

### MAPLE FOREST.

Wm. S. Chalker.  
Mrs. Wm. S. Chalker.  
Edwin S. Chalker.  
James F. Knibbs.

### BEAVER CREEK.

Ralph Hanna.  
Frank E. Love.

There was also a large delegation of  
the members of Grayling in atten-  
dance at the meeting.

"During the meeting Editor Glenn  
Miner received and had read the fol-  
lowing telegram from Mark A. McKee,  
secretary of the Counties division of  
the Michigan war board:  
"Please accept my best wishes for  
most enthusiastic and successful meet-  
ing at Grayling today. Regret very  
much Governor and myself unable  
to attend."

Just as the meeting adjourned  
"Comrade" Chalker of Maple Forest  
got upon the stage and proposed three  
cheers for our boys in France. It was  
done with a will and the echoes we  
hope reached to "somewhere in  
France." Mr. Chalker is a veteran of  
the Civil war and a patriot to the core.  
He in turn was given three cheers by  
the crowd present.

Red Taste In Your Mouth.  
When you have a bad taste in your  
mouth you may know that your diges-  
tion is faulty. A dose of Chamber-  
lain's Tablets will quickly correct the  
disorder. They also cause a gentle  
movement of the bowels. You will  
find this to be one of the best medi-  
cines you have ever become acquaint-  
ed with.

### GRABBED OFF THE CUP.

Tee-Town Stars Beat Hawk Han-  
son's Invincibles, 8 to 2.

The big basket ball game between  
the Tee-Town Stars and Hawk Han-  
son's Invincibles was pulled off as  
scheduled last Friday night, and it  
was a o m e game.

Both teams were loudly applauded  
when they entered the court, every  
man on his toes and primed for battle.  
Unlike other games when weeks of  
training and practice had prepared  
the men for a game of science, these  
participants entered the contest with  
the claim that none of the players had  
ever played a regular game before.

Before the game started both teams  
paraded around the gymnasium a cou-  
ple of times, behind their favorite  
band. Ahead of the city team was a  
section of the Citizens band under  
leadership of W. H. Cody, and before  
the Tee-Town team was a comic band  
led by Prof. Clark.

Of course the usual practice stunts  
were gone thru and to the spectators  
the high efficiency of the men was  
easily noted.

TER-TOWN ALL STARS. HAWK HANSON'S INVINCIBLES.

John Kelly, cap. C. Hawk Hanson, cap.  
T. W. Hanson L. F. Big Nick Nelson  
T. P. Peterson R. F. Esbern Hanson  
Ben Hartquist R. G. Charles Fehr  
Bill Eckoff L. G. Frank Milks

It was several minutes before either  
side scored and finally Peterson slip-  
ped one into the Tee-Town basket.  
After some pretty fast skirmishing  
E. Hanson tied the score for Grayling.  
Both sides played fast and furious and  
occasionally there was some pretty  
clever plays made, including dribb-  
ling by Eckoff. After the first half  
Harry Simpson replaced Nick Nelson  
as forward.

It was in this half that Tee-Town  
shined. By skillful team work and  
clever throwing of the forwards, Pet-  
erson and Hanson, the Tee-Towners,  
added three baskets to their tally.  
The game ended in a score of 8 to 2 in  
favor of the Stars.

As a substantial evidence of the  
honors earned by the winning team, a  
loving cup, (made of two large fun-  
nels soldered together at the small  
ends and with handles attached) was  
presented to their valiant captain,  
John Kelly, and the members of his  
team.

There was the largest crowd present  
to witness the game that has ever at-  
tended a basket ball game in the au-  
ditorium. The proceeds from the game  
amounted to \$111.35. After the game  
some of the Red Cross ladies furnished  
coffee and sandwiches. Also a dan-  
cing party added to the receipts. All  
these amounts totalling \$138.95 have  
been turned over to the County Red  
Cross.

### Report of Temperature For De- cember, January and Feb- ruary.

Thru the courtesy of Geo. K. Brown,  
the official weather observer for the  
U. S. government, stationed at the  
military reservation, we are able to  
present the following report taken  
from the records of his office of the  
temperature for each day during the  
months of December, January and  
February.

The average minimum temperature  
for the month of December was 6.3.  
This is the lowest record for any of  
the northern Michigan counties. The  
lowest mean temperature in the Upper  
Peninsula was recorded at Bergland,  
1.5. The average for the whole state  
for December was 17.7, which is the  
coldest for over a period of 30 years.  
In 1903 the December average was 19.

It is interesting to follow thru the  
days of the months and note the low-  
est temperatures for each, as recorded  
at the local office.

DAY OF MONTH	DEC.	JAN.	FEB.
1	29	5	-31
2	24	5	-12
3	18	-19	-26
4	24	-17	-35
5	13	0	-21
6	-1	-1	6
7	4	11	-4
8	13	5	3
9	-3	12	17
10	-3	12	21
11	-1	12	27
12	-1	-13	19
13	5	2	22
14	-13	7	5
15	-8	8	-10
16	-1	7	-11
17	6	-8	-3
18	12	-9	10
19	21	-7	-32
20	32	-12	-16
21	24	-11	-15
22	9	-7	3
23	12	-12	19
24	25	-2	26
25	6	-6	8
26	8	-10	7
27	8	-27	19
28	-7	-23	8
29	-24	-10	
30	-20	-19	
31	-9	-31	

### Methodist Church Notes.

Gospel services will be held morn-  
ing and evening at 10:30 and 7:00  
o'clock in the Danabod. Please at-  
tend these services and bring a  
friend, all are welcome.

## Ready for Spring

### Dress Goods of Satisfaction

Light and dark Per-  
cales worth 35c, going  
while they last at 25c.

42-inch fine Voiles, in  
all the new shades, white,  
black, rose, yellow, navy,  
tan and new blue.

### Special in Ging- hams

35c values selling at 25c  
25c values selling at 22c

Georgette crepe, navy,  
white, black, brown,  
green and plum.  
Taffetas and Messalines  
in all the new shades.

SILK HOSE in white, black, pink, sky, navy, gold,  
bronze, suede, gray, African brown, pearl  
and lavender.

Many of the above goods were bought early and  
same are selling much below the actual wholesale price

## EMIL KRAUS

GRAYLING'S LEADING DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING STORE

## Bargains In Flooring

With the advent of spring, we find  
we have some odd lots of flooring, accu-  
mulated during the winter. This floor-  
ing is perfectly all right as to quality and  
manufacture, but the sizes are not of  
our regular manufacture. In order to  
dispose of these odd lots, we are willing  
to sell them at

## A Discount Below Our Prices

on our regular manufacture of flooring.

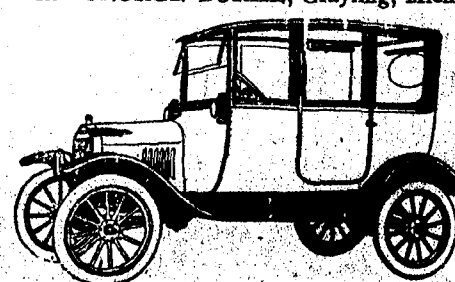
If you are expecting to put in new  
floors this spring, we can offer you some  
bargains right now. First come, first  
served.

We also have some mighty good  
stock suitable for flooring and lining  
garages. If you are expecting to put up  
a garage this year, see us before pur-  
chasing your lumber.

## KERRY & HANSON FLOOR- ING COMPANY

Ford  
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The Ford Sedan, \$695 f. o. b. Detroit is a hand-  
some enclosed motor car that meets every de-  
mand in an up-to-date enclosed car. A roomy  
interior seating five; deeply upholstered with fine  
cloth; plate glass windows; silk curtains; latest  
type of ventilating windshield, large doors—  
everything for comfort, and the everlasting regu-  
lar Ford chassis to carry it, all means safety  
with simplicity in operation and the lowest cost  
for maintenance. The real family car—just as  
delightful on the farm as it is in town. Come,  
see it. GEORGE BURKE, Grayling, Mich.





MICHIGAN  
BREVITIES

**Cheboygan**—Charles Davis of Burt Lake has brought in \$500 worth of fox and weasel furs. He had one silver gray fox pelt among the lot.

**Muskegon**—Lying unconscious for over an hour under the very heels of the mule which had kicked him on the head, E. W. Henry was found by his son, James, who happened to go out to the barn.

**Ferry**—At an auction sale on the farm of Mrs. Hiram Peck, 18 bushels of seed corn two years old sold for \$20.15, or over \$11 per bushel. A saucer containing 50 kernels was shown and every kernel had germinated.

**Greenville**—One thousand enthusiastic farmers attended a meeting of the Gleamers here. Stock was subscribed to establish shipping stations at principal towns in Montcalm county. Farmers here have been much wrought up over potato grading.

**Detroit**—Detroit's third Liberty loan campaign will begin Monday, April 8. It will be formally opened with an address by Secretary of the Navy Daniels to the bond salesmen at their noon luncheon in the auditorium of the Board of Commerce.

**Flint**—Bert E. Maxson, local deaf mute, will take a census of the deaf mutes of the United States in an attempt to form military units from this class, ordinarily rejected. Maxson's suggestion of deaf mute units has been referred to Surgeon General Gorgas by the war department.

**East Lansing**—Caution in planting spring wheat—a crop being boomed in many parts of the state this season—is being recommended to farmers by the department of farm crops of the Michigan Agricultural college. In most sections of the state, the department warns, this crop does not as a rule give lucrative yields.

**Oscoda**—An important exchange of state and federal lands will be made soon by which Michigan will get the federal forest reserve in Isosco county. Reclamation will be continued by the state. The deal involves 88,000 acres. The state exchanges lands in Isosco and Oscoda counties north of the Au Sable river for lands south of that stream.

**Camp Custer**—Charles White, of Chicago, noted lightweight boxer, who has been division boxing instructor at Camp Custer, was summarily dismissed by Joseph Raycroft, of Washington. The dismissal comes, it is said, as a result of friction between White and Floyd A. Rowe, camp athletic director, which has been brewing for a month.

**East Lansing**—Forty thousand acres of Michigan land were reclaimed last year, this figure comparing favorably with the great reclamation projects of the west. There, however, water is brought to the land, while in Michigan the land is drained of water. It is estimated that the title used in this work in the state last year would reach 2,887 miles if placed end to end.

**Traverse City**—Farmers of the Grand Traverse region are organizing to develop all the available acreage for the growth of sugar beets and are negotiating for the establishment of a refinery in this city. There is much land available this year that formerly was used for potatoes. With the flooded potato markets last year, growers are now looking for a substitute crop for the coming season.

**Lansing**—Michigan farmers that want proved seed corn at \$5 a bushel had better make that demand known promptly. The committee of elevator men appointed by the governor decided to let options on 40,000 bushels lapse. The state has purchased 85,000 bushels. W. I. Biles, of Saginaw, committee chairman, did not want the state to get overloaded with seed corn. He said additional supplies could be purchased later at higher prices, if necessary.

**Lansing**—The license of E. Chapple Co., operating a flour mill and elevator at Belding, has been revoked for three weeks, by Geo. A. Prescott, state food administrator. H. L. Ousterhout was called here to answer charges that the mill sold flour without substitutes, sold wheat for chicken feed and took higher prices than the government has fixed. The announcement that the license had been revoked was made immediately after the close of the conference.

**Detroit**—John Des Champs, cadet aviator, the third Detroit flyer in the service of the United States to lose his life within a week, died at Wichita Falls, Tex., as the result of internal injuries sustained when his airplane fell several hundred feet at Call field. The other two men were killed over seas. Lieut. George O. Middleitch died in an accident at a training camp in England and Captain Philip Collins was killed in an air duel with a German flyer.

**Camp Custer**—Army medical officers are pointing to the fact that Michigan could save the army vast sums of money by obeying the state laws of sanitation. Men visit their homes in communities where disease is allowed to run unchecked. They return to camp and either fall victim to disease themselves or carry it to their comrades. At present the camp health is excellent but it could be improved by keeping communicable disease out of state cities. Officers point to the fact that each case of mumps is costing the government approximately \$100.

**Camp Custer**—Shot by a lieutenant, Sgt. Samuel Gillman, Battery C, 325th Field artillery, is the first man to succumb to accidental gun fire. The accident occurred while artillery men were practicing revolver fire on the range. The lieutenant held a pistol of heavy caliber in his hand and in some way discharged it. The bullet struck Sgt. Gillman in the left side and passed through his body. He died the next day at the base hospital. No blame is attached to the lieutenant who fired the shot. Gillman's home is in New York City.

**Potoskey**—School Commissioner A. L. Martin, of Cheboygan county, has organized 37 Red Cross school auxiliaries in his county with a membership of 1,500.

**Standish**—Milk producers of Arenac and Benzie counties have organized with a membership of over 50. They will demand better prices, than are now being paid by the local milk plant.

**Saginaw**—John M. List, a resident of Frankenmuth since 1840, one year after the founding of the village, has again been unanimously nominated as clerk, an office he has held for the past 45 years.

**Kalamazoo**—Boys' and girls' garden clubs are being organized in the public schools here as a means of beating the Hun, practically the entire enrollment of all the grade schools of the city having enlisted.

**Kalamazoo**—Dr. W. W. Scott, 74 years old, who owned the largest private museum in this part of the state, is dead. He had lived here 48 years, was a Civil war veteran and left an unfinished autobiography.

**Bay City**—Efforts to release the ice jam at the Henry street bridge with dynamite resulted in wrecking the 24-inch water main from the west side water works and as a result the western portion of the city was without water, until temporary connections could be made.

**Jackson**—Mrs. Jane Penny last week celebrated her one-hundredth birthday anniversary at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Sargent, here. The centenary of her birth found Mrs. Penny's faculties unimpaired, she being able to assist much in the household duties.

**Camp Custer**—Camp Custer is being covered with a network of sidewalks. In the machine gun battalion area cement walks are being built. The longest walk in camp is that constructed by the 310th Engineers from division headquarters to the home of Maj. Gen. Kennedy, about a half mile.

**Lansing**—"Commercial devices for mixing milk with butter to make the latter go farther in camouflage, and should be regarded with caution and used only with the full knowledge that the sale of the resulting product as butter is unlawful," says Food Administrator George A. Prescott.

**Albion**—After having tried the war intensive program, with classes six days each week so as to close college in early May, the trustees and faculty of Albion college have agreed that the plan has serious drawbacks and have voted to go back next year to the former plan of classes only five days a week. This will give more time to athletes.

**St. Louis**—Henry J. Tugger, 56 years old, proprietor of the oldest merchandise firm in Gratiot county, took his life by jumping into a cistern with a weight tied around his neck. The act is thought to have been caused by failing health and business worries. Mr. Tugger came to this city in 1866 and had served as mayor and in other official capacities.

**Detroit**—Many drafted men, listed as "evaders," have been vindicated by the release of approximately 5,000 letters from a mail chute in the county building. The letters became clogged several days ago and were discovered by an inspector. There were many draft questionnaires, as well as notification of classification and important court papers in the tangle.

**Flint**—Laverne Herriman, aged 8, who was run down by D. U. R. interurban car while walking on track south of Flint, died of fractured skull. The boy is said to have boarded a car for Detroit and when the conductor found he had no money to pay his fare, he was put off at Atlas, the first station south of Flint. He started out to walk and was struck by a car from south.

**Ludington**—Mason county may be without a sheriff after January 1, 1919. The job pays no salary and the fees thus far this year wouldn't buy a bib for a baby. Two drunks and two hoboes were the only persons arrested this winter. The board of supervisors at the spring session may decide to place the sheriff on a salary basis, otherwise there may be no candidate for election this fall.

**Fenton**—The Rev. Dr. Stephen A. Northrop, 67 years old, died of apoplexy at his home here. Dr. Northrop was one of the organizers of the Baptist Home in this district. He was twice chaplain of national republican conventions and was the author of several books. He came to Fenton a year ago in failing health and took the Baptist pastorate, where he first served 41 years ago.

**Potoskey**—News has been received that the New York Central lines will bring 9,000 sheep to graze on their lands about Gaylord. It is expected other companies interested in sheep raising will bring in thousands of sheep this spring. Emmet county farmers and grazing land owners will also import hundreds of sheep within a few weeks. Orders are being received daily from farmers who want small flocks. One Elmira man asks for 600.

**Bay City**—Thousands of inundated acres in the valley of the Keweenaw river formed a huge lake and many farmers were forced to move from their homes in boats as a result of floods. Several mines were forced to close and in some of them the danger became so threatening that it was necessary to bring the mines to the surface. These animals go into the mines as colts, and few of them ever see the light of day again. They were rather hard to handle when they reached the city streets, but were quickly taken to quiet places.

**Lansing**—The state war board has completed arrangements with the Over Plow Co. to buy 1,000 plow bottoms for that number of Fordson tractors which have been purchased. The plows will be delivered to Michigan farmers, through commercial agents for \$125. The tractors cost \$750, making the total price \$875. A man will be sent with each plow to insure service and service staff. 10 men will be maintained in the state during the season. Fifteen tractors have been allotted to each of the 40 counties.

BRITISH TROOPS  
FORCED BACK BY  
FIERCE ATTACKS

GERMANS IN BIG DRIVE NEAR CAMBRAI, DENT BRITISH LINES TO A DEPTH OF NINE MILES.

HINDENBURG FORCES SAID TO NUMBER 1,000,000 MEN

Advance Accompanied by Terrific Slaughter of Germans—London Observers Predict Lines Will Not Break.

London—In the first four days fight in the great offensive against the British, German troops forced their way forward over a front approximately 21 miles in length, have penetrated to a depth of four or five miles west of Cambrai, and have reached Peronne and Ham, west of St. Quentin, a distance of about nine miles west of the British lines as they stood before the inception of the Teutonic offensive, March 21.

The advance is being accompanied by a terrible slaughter of the Germans, who in their massed formations, are being cut to pieces by British guns of all calibers. The British casualties, too, have been heavy, and Berlin claims the taking of 30,000 British prisoners and 600 guns.

Emperor Reported in Command. Emperor William himself is reported to be in command of the German armies fighting this battle, which he previously had declared would be the decisive one of the war, and London commentators credit him with assuming this post with the aim of going down in history as the victor in the greatest conflict in the world's history, should the Germans win, as their leaders have boasted they would.

Hindenburg is using fully 1,000,000 men on this front. He apparently is trying to separate the British from the French, roll the British up to the sea and throw his center and left against Paris.

West of St. Quentin, some 12 miles above the point of the Franco-British junction, the British defensive system has been broken into, Haig admits. The main British line was at last accounts still intact, however. The retirement proceeds in orderly fashion. Despite the advances made by the Germans, no loss of confidence on the allied side in the ultimate outcome is apparent.

London Feels Lines Will Hold. London—"Serious but not alarming," sums up the situation by London of the news from the western front.

Confidence that the Allied line, though it may be bent, will not break, is expressed by the newspapers which are unanimously hopeful of the outcome of the desperate fighting between the British and Germans.

Papers dwell on the accuracy of the British intelligence service in divining the enemy's intentions and in foreseeing the points and time of attack. Battles on the western front are only beginning and the newspapers think that the assault on the Cambrai front, which probably was chosen because undulating land in this region usually recovers from the effects of winter some weeks earlier than on the Franco-Belgian frontier, may not represent the main and ultimate feature of the enemy's offensive.

It is felt that there may yet be a sudden attack elsewhere, but there is no doubt of the ability of British troops to hold the enemy just as they barred the road to Ypres. It is pointed out that in battles of such dimensions the attacking forces, by the employment of troops regardless of sacrifices, are nearly always enabled to force first line positions.

## 11,827,592 TONS SUNK BY SUBS

Losses By U-Boats Since War's Start, Made Public.

Washington—Secret figures of the British admiralty on submarine losses and shipbuilding have been made public here by the British embassy. They show that from both enemy action and marine risk on January 1, 1918, allied and neutral shipping had lost since the war began 11,827,572 gross tons, while shipyards outside of the central powers were turning out 6,606,275 tons.

In spite of the tremendous total of losses, they do not approach the claims of the Germans, and with 2,589,000 tons of enemy ships added to the output of the war period, the net loss to world shipping exclusive of that of Germany and her allies is only 2,632,297.

Empey to Go "Over the Top" Again. New York—Arthur Guy Empey, author of "Over the Top," a book which narrates his experiences with the British army in France, will return to the western front soon as a soldier in the American army. Announcement was made that he had passed the physical examination at Camp Wheeler, Ga. Empey recently cancelled all his lecture engagements because his manager refused to donate his share of the proceeds to charity. He is ready to again face death for liberty.

More Precious. Jinks—I'll never forgive Sims for marrying Jane and taking her from under my roof. No one can ever take her place. Winks—Was she your only daughter? Jinks—No; my cook. Johnny's View. Teacher—Why is concrete more practical than wood for building? Johnny—Cause they use it instead of boards and papa has a hard time finding boards to spank me with.



French troops advancing to a grenade attack under cover of a heavy barrage fire. 2—Italians moving a heavy gun up to position for the expected spring offensive. 3—Sergeant Maj. A. W. James of the Canadian forces, who was decorated in the presence of a huge crowd at Madison Square Garden, New York, for bravery in action after being badly wounded.

NEWS REVIEW OF  
THE PAST WEEK

Germans Open Great Attack on the British Front North of St. Quentin.

MAY BE THE SPRING DRIVE

Allied Commanders Confident Their Lines Cannot Be Broken Seriously—Teutonic Penetration of Russia Continues—Shipping Question Most Serious—Dutch Vessels Are Seized.

By E. W. PICKARD.

"We are at the decisive moment of the war and one of the greatest moments in German history," telegraphed the kaiser to the Rhenish provincial council, and thereupon, Thursday morning, his forces began a tremendous bombardment of a wide stretch of the British front north of St. Quentin. This was followed by attacks by large masses of infantry which were hurled against the British front in desperate efforts to break through. The assaults were extremely costly to the enemy and up to the time of writing had been of little avail, for though at some points the British advanced lines had been penetrated, Field Marshal Haig reported that on no part of the long front of attack had the Germans attained their objective.

Apparently Von Hindenburg was trying to drive in a wedge on each side of the Cambrai salient, and at the same time his troops made vicious assaults on the French northeast of Verdun and near Reims, though these were considered as diversions rather than parts of the main attack. The lines held by the Americans in the Lorraine and Toul sectors had not been assailed.

The British were in no way surprised by the attack of Thursday, and their commanders met it with supreme confidence. In every possible way they were prepared to meet the assault, of which they had had ample warning. Whether this smash was really the opening of the threatened great spring drive of the kaiser or not was uncertain, but American military experts doubted it. If it were, said they, it was the most hopeful sign of the war so far, for its defeat was certain. And such a defeat, they felt, would bring much closer the ultimate triumph of the cause of the allies.

Intense aerial activity characterized the operations all along the west front last week. There were numerous combats, in which the allies generally had the best of it, and the British and French aviators made many raids on towns and military establishments back of the German lines. Mannheim especially was hard hit by the British. The American flyers also were very busy and won praise by their skill and daring.

These developments lend backing to the statement of one war correspondent that land fighting in France is temporarily in abeyance and that the allies expect to win the war there in the air, having already undoubted supremacy in that element. He asserts that if the Germans make their great drive it must be made blindly, and the allies will promptly send their immense navies of the air across and destroy the Hun's lines of communications, depots and factories and his entire organization of supplies and re-enforcements. If this is the plan, there is the greater need for the United States to speed up its lagging production of battleplanes. The Providence Journal, heretofore remarkably well informed, asserts that in this respect the American aircraft program for 1918 is an absolute failure.

While the kaiser delayed his big attack on the west front, the world has waited in considerable suspense to know what the plan of the allies may be. This rests with the supreme council at Versailles—in which American

is still unrepresented—and there is reason to believe that it will decide to take the offensive without waiting for the Germans to strike, as was intimated in these columns some weeks ago. It is believed that the council has at its disposal an immense army made up of reserves of the various allied forces, and some wise observers think the first great attack will be made in Italy, though there will be enough doing in France and Belgium to keep the Germans busy and uncertain. Intense activity by both the Germans and French in the Verdun region, and certain movements in the American section toward Metz indicate coming operations of magnitude on those parts of the line. The French made some remarkably swift and successful raids, destroying enemy blockhouses and shelters that had taken three years to construct.

On the Toul front the Americans were subjected to continuous shelling and the enemy also sent over airplanes that dropped large rubber balls filled with liquified mustard gas—a new form of attack. The American artillery maintained its record for accurate fire, driving the enemy from several strong positions and at times attacking the Germans heavily with gas shells. Secretary Baker in the course of his visit to General Pershing's forces was under fire in the front line trenches, and one big shell exploded close to his automobile, but he escaped injury.

On Tuesday General Pershing approved the awarding of the first of the new American military crosses for bravery, the recipients being Lieut. John O. Green and Sergeants William Norton and Patrick Walsh. All of them previously had been decorated with the French war cross.

In Russia, despite the acceptance of the peace treaty by the bolsheviks, the German armies have been steadily pressing forward, occupying town after town in the south, moving up toward Moscow and also approaching so close to Petrograd that the seizure of the capital city was said to be a matter of days or hours. All the allied diplomats left Petrograd, most of them retiring to Vologda, 350 miles east. American Ambassador Francis from there issued an address to the Russian people, warning them that if they submitted to the peace imposed by the central powers Russia eventually would become a German province, and pledging the support of the American government to any government in Russia that would resist the German penetration.

Mr. Francis acted without specific instructions from Washington, but his utterances received the full approval of the administration. The bolshevik government has been hurriedly moving to Moscow. Trotzky is there and says he will act as minister of war if there is to be more fighting. The new volunteer army is being organized rapidly, with renewed discipline, and the press and people, already somewhat disillusioned, cry out against the predatory ruthlessness of the Germans. The Transcaucasian assembly at Tiflis refused to ratify the peace treaty and demanded immediate war on Germany. The attitude of all the allies toward the bolshevik soviet is becoming more sympathetic, but the hope of effective resistance is rather faint.

The hand of the conqueror falls more and more heavily on Roumania, which is now required to give up to the central powers not only all of her own war munitions but also those left in Roumania by the allies. If she yields to this demand the representatives of the allies will leave Jassy.

The supreme war council of the allies at Versailles issued a statement denouncing Germany's political crimes against Russia and Roumania and refusing to recognize the peace treaties with them. "We are fighting, and mean to continue fighting, in order to finish once for all with this policy of plunder," said the council. In reply Chancellor von Hertling asserted Germany had no intention of robbing or dishonoring Russia and accused the allies of hypocrisy, untruthfulness and brutality.

There was no material change in the situation in the far East, but the opposition to Japan's plan to occupy Vladivostok seemed to increase because of the persistent distrust of the island em-

pire's good faith. Trotzky warned the world that Germany and Japan had agreed to divide Russia between them, but Trotzky's opinions are no longer entitled to very serious consideration.

Early Thursday morning two British and three French destroyers engaged a force of German destroyers off Dunkerque, and when the fight was over four enemy vessels had been sunk. One British destroyer was damaged, but the allied casualties were slight.

The same day Ostend was heavily bombarded by British monitors and Heligoland was attacked by airplanes.

Eloquent arguments having failed to bring the Teutonic rulers to their senses or the Teutonic peoples to a realization of the truth, and encouragement and sympathy having met with no response from the Russians, President Wilson seems to have decided that action, quick and forcible, is the only thing that will bring the war to a close. He cheered up the country immensely by calling into conference the heads of the various war boards, who had been named as advisers to the chairman of the war industries board in establishing co-ordination. He impressed upon these men again the need of harmonizing their work in order to hurry up shipbuilding, increase shipping facilities and provide materials for the production of munitions. The shipbuilding question is the most pressing one, and the government is somewhat disturbed by the uncertain labor situation. It intends to adopt a definite labor policy, as did England, but this has not yet been formulated.

The matter of ships also came to the front again in England, and in response to public demand Sir Eric Geddes, first lord of the admiralty, gave out figures on the results of the submarine warfare. Total losses to the allies and neutral nations since the beginning of the war, he said, were 6,000,000 tons, and he admitted the monthly losses are 120,000 tons greater than the new ships built. To correct this, Sir John Jellicoe is to devote himself to combating the submarine. Lord Pirrie has been made governor general of merchant ship building and all available men in the country will be put to building ships. Premier Lloyd-George said that by special effort the deficiency could be made good in British shipyards alone.

A great help in solving this transport problem is the seizure of about a million tons of Dutch shipping by the United States and England. This was accomplished on Wednesday after the Netherlands government had refused to put into effect its voluntary agreement to restore its merchant marine to normal activity. Most of the vessels taken will be used in carrying food from America to Europe, and President Wilson says Holland will receive ample supplies of foodstuffs, in accordance with the original pact. Germany, of course, has warned the Dutch that their ships now will be sunk, but it never has shown much regard for the rights of neutral ships outside the proscribed zone.

After being assailed in vain by the Republicans, the administration bill to establish a war finance corporation was passed by the house Thursday with only two opposing votes. On the same day the president signed the bill which brings the railroads under government operation and control until 24 months after the end of the war.

Agricultural interests were relieved of anxiety by an order of the war department permitting men engaged in planting or cultivating crops to continue their work until finished, although their draft numbers are reached. This does not apply to dairy workers.

Wisconsin, smarting under the imputations of dilatoriness caused by La Follette and his doubts and sayings, undertook to redeem herself in the senatorial primaries, and succeeded in a measure. Joseph E. Davies, backed by the national administration, easily won the Democratic nomination, but Congressman Lenroot had a hard task defeating James Thompson, the La Follette candidate, for the Republican choice. The Socialist vote, unexpectedly heavy, was cast for Victor Berger, who is under indictment for violating the espionage act.

Baluchistan is situated on the Arabian sea, bounded on the west by Persia and the north by Afghanistan. In the main it occupies the position of a British protectorate, and part of it is directly subject to Britain. There have been several disturbances in the outlying portions of the Indian empire during the war, although none of them previously reported has been of importance. The Germans have gone to great lengths with propaganda and conspiracies in attempts to stir up disaffection in India.

GERMAN CANNON  
BOMBARD PARIS

GIANT GUNS DROP SHELLS IN FRENCH CAPITAL, DISTANCE OF NEARLY 75 MILES.

REPORT IS MADE OFFICIALLY

Teutons Apparently Have Invented New Super-Cannon—Longest Previous Range 30 Miles.

Paris—According to the latest reports the long-distance cannon which started bombarding Paris March 23, was firing from a distance of 120 kilometers (approximately 74 1/2 miles) and was located about 12 kilometers behind the French front. Earlier dispatches indicated that the attack was made from a distance of 62 miles. The nearest point from the German lines to Paris is 62 miles.

The announcement was official and stated that the shells reached the capital and suburbs at intervals of about 15 or 20 miles.

The dispatch, in saying that the shortest distance from Paris to the front is over 100 kilometers, indicates that there has been no breach in the battle line above Paris such as would permit of bringing up guns to within what has been previously regarded as the extreme range of heavy pieces.

One theory suggested is that the Germans have developed an aerial torpedo which can be fired from a long distance.

The most powerful guns in action heretofore have been able to hurl their projectiles only 20 miles or thereabouts.

The calibre of the shells reaching Paris, 240 millimeters, is equivalent to about 9 1/2 inches. The heavy German siege pieces fire 17-inch shells.

Pieces of the shells, on examination were found to bear rifling marks, which proved that they had not been dropped from an aeroplane, but had been fired from a gun.

Report Amazes Ordnance Experts.

Washington—The long range bombardment of Paris by a German gun, dumfounded American ordnance officers.

The 22-mile bombardment of Dunkirk by the Germans more than a year ago had set a record and ordnance officers of the American, British and French corps freely conceded they never had dreamed of a monster gun with a range of more than 30 miles. Some officers frankly questioned that shells from rifled cannon actually had fallen in Paris. Others sought explanation in new devices or secret gun emplacements in the vicinity of Paris. None wanted to believe that any gun had been invented by the Germans or any one else which could throw a 9 1/2-inch projectile 70 miles.

New Factors Doubted.

If the German experts have evolved a wholly new type of gun not dependent upon the same mathematical factors that govern ordnance everywhere, officers here think it highly unlikely that they would employ it for an isolated and meaningless attack on Paris.

It might be, some officers thought, that a continuous dropping of medium caliber shells on the city was part of a hope for breaking the spirit of France by some mysterious visitation. The finding of shell fragments bearing the marks of gun rifling seemed to preclude the idea of any ordinary airplane bomb.

It was suggested that monster airplanes mounting guns might have been used, but no one has ever conceived the possibility of carrying a 9 1/2-inch weapon in the air. A short range, light-weight, inverted howitzer carried by aircraft appeared to seem as a possible explanation.

## APRIL 6, "WIN-THE-WAR-DAY"

Governor Urges All to Renew Pledge of Allegiance.

Lansing—Gov. Sleeper has issued a proclamation urging the observance of "Win-the-War Day" Saturday, April 6, the anniversary of the entrance of the United States into the war, as well as the opening day of the third Liberty loan campaign.

Gov. Sleeper urged that the following pledge be recited in all business places: "I pledge allegiance to my flag and to the republic for which it stands; one nation, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all."

As schools will not be in session Saturday, exercises are proposed for Friday afternoon.

The governor closed his proclamation by urging everyone to buy a Liberty bond on the opening day of the campaign.

Australians and Irish Exempt. Washington—The British-American and Canadian-American draft treaties were returned to the state department by the senate at the request of President Wilson, for certain changes before ratification. Amendments have been agreed upon by the governments which will exempt Irishmen and Australians in this country from draft by providing that the provisions of the treaties shall not apply to men not subject to conscription in their own countries.

More Precious.

Jinks—I'll never forgive Sims for marrying Jane and taking her from under my roof. No one can ever take her place. Winks—Was she your only daughter? Jinks—No; my cook.

Johnny's View. Teacher—Why is concrete more practical than wood for building? Johnny—Cause they use it instead of boards and papa has a hard time finding boards to spank me with.



# What Well Dressed Women Will Wear



THE RETURN OF TRIMMED MILLINERY.

Hats reached the limit of plainness just last after traveling in the direction of scant trimming for several seasons. The first hats of spring—those prepared for sojourns at Southern resorts—ventured tentatively to present a few blossoms that flattened themselves against crowns or nestled on brims in the most retiring manner. Ribbons and certain feathers were used with more assurance but no one predicted or seemed to foresee the coming of abundant trimmings and a variety of them.

As happens in millinery, all at once we woke up to the fact that there were a lot of flowers and fruits, feathers and ribbons on hats that made their appearance in February as the vanguard of summer millinery. It is reported that Paris sponsored this cheerful mode as an expression of her undiminished confidence in the satisfactory issue of the war and her courage and fortitude in the face of it.

Three models that show much moderation when we consider the new order of things are pictured here as examples of tasteful Easter millinery. They are of crepe georgette, or georgette in combination with millinery.



# What Can We Do?

The Red Cross hopes to accumulate a reserve supply of comfort kits for the soldiers and sailors who will follow those already "somewhere in France" or on the seas. Some systematic and devoted women are giving all their spare time to making these comfort kits, receiving the materials from the Red Cross chapters, and doing the work at home. One Chicago lady has turned in 500 of them and this in addition to other Red Cross activities, and club work. As she attends to her own housekeeping, she has not a great deal of leisure and finds it best to specialize in kits—so she has become an expert in making them.

There is very great need of mechanics in the ship building arm of the service. Perhaps some of our women readers can be instrumental in calling the attention of men of their families or acquaintance to this work. The following admission appears in the Red Cross bulletin, issued by the Southwest division of February 18:

GOOD ADVICE FROM ST. LOUIS. A Shipping Crisis.

Stowed away in the hold of every vessel that clears from our Atlantic ports are boxes, bales and bundles of Red Cross supplies. The amount of space available for this precious cargo has been woefully limited by the ruthless behavior of the submarine. Should this space be further diminished or finally denied us, all of our preparations for service,

all of our plans for the relief of suffering humanity would go for naught. Ships are needed to win the war, ships are needed to carry succor and sustenance to our armies over seas. We must build these ships with frantic haste unless we are to acknowledge the defeat of all our hopes. The president is calling on the artisans of America to offer themselves for service in the ship yards where vessels in great numbers are building. Two hundred and fifty thousand industrial workers are needed at the present moment in order to carry the plans of the Emergency Shipping corporation, to fruition. Good wages and steady employment are offered to carpenters, shipwrights and artisans of almost every trade. The enlistment of these men is a matter of vital importance to the American Red Cross and to all Americans. Therefore, we are asking the assistance of chapters in spreading the knowledge of our country's needs. Men available and fitted for this work should offer themselves at once at the state headquarters of the national council of defense or communicate direct with Edward N. Hurley, chairman, Emergency Shipping corporation, Washington, D. C. The headquarters of the Missouri branch of the national council of defense is at 2104 Railway Exchange Building, St. Louis, Mo.

Julie Bottorley

A Decorating Hint. Many a young housewife who is trying to work out an ideal decorating scheme in her new home is confronted by the problem of what to use on her living-room table in the way of covering. Now if the table is lovely in itself and not apt to be scratched by books or heavy objects it could be left uncovered with just a bit of mat under the lamp, possibly. Usually, however, a fine piece of oriental embroidery just hung over one corner or a runner of tapestry through the middle of the ta-

ble is an artistic arrangement. Perhaps the solution in some rooms will be a small silky oriental prayer rug. And now here comes the substitute where an oriental rug is out of the question—an imitation rug woven just good looking. And what is most interesting they are not extremely expensive either.

Persons who have been ill a great deal are generally tall, since lying in bed with the limbs relaxed induces growth.

# THE KITCHEN CABINET

Oh, better no doubt is a dinner of herbs. When seasoned by love, which no ran-cour disturbs. And sweetened by all that is sweetest in life. That turkey, bisque, ortolans, eaten in strife!

## FAVORITE FISH DISHES.

Fish is a favorite food and one which is common in many parts of our country. Where fresh fish is not to be obtained, the market affords both dry, canned, smoked and pickled fish.

**Salt Codfish Spanish Style.**—Take a half pound of salt codfish, one clove of garlic finely chopped, one cupful of tomato sauce, one chopped onion, a few dashes of paprika, a quarter of a cup of olive oil, one-half of a sweet pepper. Soak the codfish eight and simmer in fresh water thirty minutes. Remove the bones, lay the shredded fish in a buttered baking dish. Fry the onion, pepper and garlic in the olive oil and add to tomato sauce. Cut triangles of toast, bread, fry in oil and use as a garnish around the dish. Cook for fifteen minutes and serve hot.

**Turban of Fish.**—Take two and a half cupfuls of fish, flake it, one and a half cupfuls of milk, one slice of onion, a blade of mace, a sprig of parsley, one-quarter of a cupful of sweet fat, the same of flour, the yolk of two eggs, lemon juice and salt and pepper and a cupful of buttered crumbs. Make the sauce by melting the fat and when bubbling hot stir in the flour. When well-cooked add the milk which has been scalding with the onion and blade of mace; remove them and add the egg yolks, seasoning with salt and pepper and lemon juice. Put a layer of fish and a layer of sauce in a buttered baking dish until all are used. Cover with crumbs and bake in a hot oven until the crumbs are brown.

**Crab Canapes.**—Cut bread in slices a quarter of an inch in thickness, three inches long and an inch and a half wide. Spread with butter and brown in the oven. Mix a cupful of crab meat with a teaspoonful of tabasco sauce, half a teaspoonful of olive oil. Mark the bread diagonally in four sections and spread alternately with cheese and the crab mixture.

The proof of the pudding is the eating. Wouldst thou both eat thy cake, and have it?

## OLD KING CORN.

We are, as loyal American citizens, eating more of the maize which is our native food. The eating of corn is both a patriotic duty and a pleasure. For we know that corn meal does not ship well, that the European housewife is not familiar with it, and it is not well adapted for baking in central kitchens, as most of the bread is baked abroad. While cornmeal is of equal nutritive value with the yellow, but it has a less pronounced flavor which makes it more agreeable to the southern palate, where it is largely used.

**Casserole of Hominy.**—Take four cupfuls of hominy, mix with three cupfuls of thin tomato sauce, highly seasoned with chopped green peppers or onions, or both; put alternate layers of hominy, tomato sauce and cheese finely cut, using a fourth of a pound. Bake in a moderate oven until slightly browned.

**Corn Chowder.**—Take a can of corn or two cupfuls of fresh corn, four potatoes cut in one-fourth-inch slices, two onions sliced, two cupfuls of water, a teaspoonful of cornstarch or two tablespoonfuls of barley flour, three cupfuls of scalded milk, three tablespoonfuls of beef drippings, and salt and pepper. Cook the onion, fat and flour, stirring often so that the onion will not burn. Add two cupfuls of water and the potatoes. Cook until the potatoes are soft; add corn and milk, and cook five minutes. Season with salt and pepper and serve.

**Corn Parkerhouse Rolls.**—Take one cupful of barley flour three-fourths of a cupful of corn meal, one-fourth of a teaspoonful of salt, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a tablespoonful of fat, one egg, a tablespoonful of sugar and one-half cupful of milk. Sift the dry ingredients together cut in the fat. Add egg and milk to make a soft dough. Roll out and cut a third of an inch thick. Cut with a biscuit cutter, spread with fat and fold. Bake in a moderate oven.

**Corn and Rice Muffins.**—Take a half cupful of cooked rice, a cupful of milk, one egg, a tablespoonful of sugar, one-fourth of a teaspoonful of salt, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one and one-fourth cupfuls of white corn meal and two tablespoonful of fat. Combine the mixtures as for muffins and bake 45 minutes in a moderate oven.

## Longevity of Customs.

The longevity of customs is curious illustrated in the case of Lord Forester, the fifth baron, whose death is announced. King Hal took an ancestor of Lord Forester so deeply into favor as to grant him leave to wear his hat in the "presence." The right became an heirloom, and is one of the trifles of etiquette to be remembered on occasion by officials of the court. The Foresters were originally of Wellingborough, and had charge of the Wrekin forest—London Chronicle.

Socrates said: "Bad men live that they may eat and drink, whereas good men eat and drink to live."

Time ripens all things. No man is born wise.—Cervantes.

## WHEATLESS FOODS.

We are asked to keep wheatless day, meaning no wheat products are used, just as we understand meatless means no meat products such as pork, beef or mutton are to be used on such days. Even gravies may be made using corn starch, corn flour, or barley flour as a substitute for the usual wheat flour.

**Brown Bread.**—Take one cupful each of corn meal, rye flour, barley flour, two tablespoonfuls of baking powder, tablespoonful of soda, a fourth of a teaspoonful each of ginger and salt, all well sifted together. The soda may be added to two cupfuls of milk and three-fourths of a cupful of molasses, combine the mixtures and mix thoroughly. Steam in well buttered mold for five hours or in baking powder tins for three hours.

**Quaker Tea Cakes.**—Take two cupfuls of quaker oats, one cupful of sugar, two eggs, slightly beaten, one fourth of a cupful of any sweet fat, a teaspoonful of baking powder and a teaspoonful of vanilla. Drop on a buttered pan an inch apart. Bake in a moderate oven.

**Fig Filling.**—Take one cupful of chopped figs, add a third of a cupful of corn syrup and a tablespoonful of lemon juice. Heat in a double boiler until smooth enough to spread. Spread while hot on the cake. Such a filling may be used as a top frosting, thus saving sugar.

**Spoon Bread.**—Add a fourth of a cupful of cracklings or pork scraps to three cupfuls of boiling water, add a cupful of cornmeal and cook one hour; then add two beaten eggs, a half teaspoonful of salt, and bake in a buttered dish three-fourths of an hour.

By this book, I will most horribly revenge I cut and eat, I swear.—Shakespeare.

## A GROUP OF FOOD DISHES.

As we are not all alike fortunately in our tastes, each may find some dish which he likes in the good things constantly being combined.

**Tripe Fricassee.**—Take a pound of tripe, cut it in small pieces and cover with cold water. Let it stand for 15 minutes, remove the water and put over fresh water, wash again and cover with cold water, then simmer gently for five hours, add one small onion chopped, after cooking drop off the water and add two cupfuls of milk, a grating of nutmeg, salt and pepper, stir until it boils. Remove from the heat, add a yolk of egg mix well and serve hot.

**Sardine Canapes.**—Cut brown bread in circles, spread with butter and heat in the oven. Pound sardines to a paste, add an equal amount of chopped hard cooked eggs, season with lemon juice, and Worcestershire sauce. Spread on rounds of bread, garnish each with the center circle of hard cooked white with the rice yolk it the center.

By adding potato to our bread we will not only help in conserving the flour but produce a product which is both wholesome and palatable. Doughnuts, rolls and biscuits are all improved by the addition of mashed potatoes.

**Potato Bread.**—Take one-third of a cupful of hot water or milk, add two teaspoonfuls each of salt, sugar and fat, three cupfuls of mashed potato, six cupfuls of flour and a half cupful of yeast or a half cake of compressed yeast and a fourth of a cupful of water. Put the hot water or milk, salt fat, and sugar in a bowl, add the mashed potatoes to it and mix well, soften the yeast in the water and add it to the potatoes. Add one cupful of flour and knead thoroughly, then the second cupful kneading and stirring, then the remaining cupfuls. This dough will seem very stiff and difficult to knead, but all the flour must be added or the dough will be very soft at the second kneading. Let rise until double its bulk, knead again and shape into loaves. Let rise until double its bulk and bake in a moderate oven for 60 minutes. This will make two loaves.

Nellie Maxwell

## "Bedlam."

Bedlam is another example of the English fashion of telescoping words, and comes from Bethlehem. The priory of St. Mary of Bethlehem in London was converted into a hospital for the insane in 1402 and in the course of time the name was shortened to Bedlam, a word that came to be a synonym for madhouse. To open the door and let the inmates escape would be "Bedlam let loose," and frequently the phrase is used to describe intolerable clatter and racket.

## Our Neighbors.

Charles Lamb was one day criticizing a neighbor rather severely when his listener interposed with a protest that the judgment was mistaken, and that the critic did not really know the man. "But I don't want to know him," said Lamb. "I might get to like him." That is what might happen in a good many cases when we stand off and condemn. The faults are not the only qualities our neighbor possesses. We might get to like him if we took the trouble to get acquainted.

# DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

MR. MEASLES' PUZZLE.

"Go away, go away," said Peter Goblin. "You mustn't come around here. No, you mustn't. I won't have it, not for a moment will I have it."

"May we talk to you, then?" asked Mr. Measles, as he hurried off.

"Yes, I will come and talk to you, but you mustn't stay around here. Goblin don't get measles, but children do, and I won't have it. Hurry off. Hurry off."

"Wouldn't they like to have us?" asked Mr. Measles. "Just think how we'd make their faces puff up and look so fine and fat."

"Yes," said Peter Goblin, crossly, "and make it hard for them to swallow. No sir, no sir, you get right away from here."

"How about me?" asked Mrs. Croup.

"You go away, too," said Peter Goblin.

"Can't I have just one little look at a nice little boy or a nice little girl?" asked Master Chicken Pox.

"You must certainly cannot," said Peter Goblin.

"I don't see why not," said Mr. Measles crossly. He had come back a little because he had heard the others talking to Peter Goblin and he thought perhaps Peter had given in. Of course he had never known him, but he might—some could never tell.

"I thought I'd told you to start off," said Peter Goblin. "Now I won't put up with any more of this nonsense. Be off—all of you. Be off, right away."

"You promised to talk to us," said Mr. Measles. "You will, won't you?"

"But you'd rather have a little chick with a child first," said Mr. Measles.

"Maybe you would like to," said Peter Goblin, "but you're not going to. And so, one, two, three—go! Everyone of you. I'll follow along."

"Now, what is the use," Mr. Measles muttered, "of being able to make some folks fat when one isn't getting the chance?"

"You don't want to make them fat and well," said Peter Goblin. "They had all wandered quite far away from the children and so Peter Goblin felt they were safe. He would keep many of his goblins right to work to keep an eye on them, for goblins cannot get measles, mumps, chicken pox or croup."

"Yes, I make them fat," said Mr. Measles. "I never bother about more than their cheeks. They grumble so after I've made them fat that I get disheartened."

"Good thing you do," said Peter Goblin. "You're certainly mean enough."

Mr. Measles knew Peter was right, so didn't say another word. Mr. Measles spoke next.

"We wanted to have you talk to us," said Mr. Measles, "because we cannot understand you."

"Why not?" asked Peter Goblin. "I try to protect the children from getting measles, mumps, chicken pox and croup. Of course they have to help me by trying to keep as well and strong as they can so as to escape you. Whenever one of you gets past us, how badly we do feel. You often do, but we try our best to keep you out. We can't keep you out entirely but we can help."

"And then good, kind doctors drive you away."

"We hate doctors," said Mr. Measles.

"Well," said Mrs. Croup, "we hate them so much, because we give them a lot of trouble, and we love to give trouble."

"That's so, we do," said Master Chicken Pox.

"But," said Mr. Measles, "people say, 'Oh, don't catch the measles. And be careful not to catch the mumps. Don't go near anyone with chicken pox or you might catch it.'"

"Now, to catch a thing," continued Mr. Measles, "means to chase after it or try to get it in some way. If they don't like us why do they talk about catching measles? They say 'Be careful not to catch Mr. Measles.' It's very silly, for if they really don't like us, they should say, 'Don't let Mr. Measles catch you.'"

"It's rather an absurd expression," admitted Peter Goblin, "but stay away from children and talk about it for a good long while. That's what you must all do!"

**Cause of the Flood.** "Edwin," said the Sunday school teacher, "can you tell me what caused the flood?"

"Yes, ma'am," answered the little fellow, "it rained."

**Difference in Dressing.** "Mamma, here's a question that has always puzzled me," said five-year-old Dorothy, perplexedly. "How is it that when I am dressed I wear all my clothes, but when you dress a chicken it has nothing on at all?"

**Why She Liked Eddy.** "I dess I will marry Eddy Jones when I get growed up," said little Esther. "Why, do you really like him so much?" asked her mother. "Oh, it isn't that," answered Esther, "but he likes the same kind of candy I do."

# BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

## SCOUTS KEEN ON WAR WORK

A notable feature of scouting in 1917 was the pronounced recognition of the organization as an aid to the government in the conduct of the war.

"Before the war, a boy's greatest ambition was to be quarterback on the football team or pitcher on the baseball team or captain of the athletic team," said Chief Scout Executive James E. West.

"Today, 295,768 of the huskiest boys in America find plenty of excitement and satisfaction in being just scouts. This is because playing games is a side issue in wartime, and scouting is a real job."

"When men are marching away to battle for liberty, real boys are not satisfied to play. When bridges, manufacturing plants, public works in every town and city are in danger from foreign foes, genuine fellows want to do their share in protecting their homes."

"With starvation destroying our friends overseas and war threatening in America, an American boy who is the real thing wants to get his exercise by producing food."

"The Boy Scouts of America are happy because Uncle Sam did not pass them by when he rolled up his sleeves and began to gather his forces. The department of agriculture said, 'We need you,' and in a month thousands of scout gardens were growing. The treasury department said, 'We want your help,' and in two Liberty loan campaigns the scouts gathered more than \$125,000,000 which had been overlooked by older canvassers, and are now hard at work selling War Savings stamps. The food administrator said, 'I'd be glad of your assistance,' and a third of a million scout homes cut down on wheat, meat, sugar and fats and began to spread the doctrine of food conservation. They are also 'government dispatch bearers' for the committee on public information."

"There's more fun in being a scout than in all the athletic sports combined, for it is real work—needed, expected and appreciated by the nation."

**MEN CAN BE SCOUTMASTERS.** Uncle Sam must have the service of organized boyhood to win the war.

The Boy Scouts of America are officially working in conjunction with the government in the selling of War Savings stamps and Liberty bonds. President Wilson has made each boy scout in the country his dispatch bearer on his important messages to the people.

Boy scouts are the reliable aids of the Red Cross and the Red Triangle. These boys are in many cases doing the patriotic service of a man.

Theodore Roosevelt says, "The duty of being a scoutmaster comes next in importance to being in active service."

Scouting makes the boy "physically strong, mentally awake and morally straight." This is the type of citizen this country must have.

The ravages of war weaken the nation for generations. Scouting is the best remedy for this weakness. Scouting is outdoor life and will keep one young. It is the best of recreation. It gives a new slant on life. It opens a new world of practical information.

What is more splendid than the companionship and loyalty of a group of fine American boys? The busy man makes the best scoutmaster. No man is too busy to be a patriot.

Scouting is the new patriotism, based upon loyalty to God and to country and service to other people.

**SCOPE OF SCOUT SERVICE.** Those many youngsters, organized as the Boy Scouts of America, commended themselves to the public from the start, says a Southern editor. They are called upon to render important service on every large occasion, and their willingness, discipline and efficiency have been remarked with community pride by observant citizens in general.

The scope of scout service is all the while widening. As helpful to city, state and nation as the organization has been within the last six months in Liberty loan, Red Cross and food conservation campaigns, greater still will be its activities in this new year. The scouts will be utilized by the federal government in many ways.

The boys are always on their mettle and they never tire of duty. No trained soldier could be more obedient to orders and none should be more loyal to his colors.

The wonder is how any city got along as well as it did before the boy scouts came into corporate being. And the more the public sees of them the more sympathetic will be its support. All honor to the scouts and the scoutmasters who instruct and lead them.

**BOY SCOUT THRIFT SHOP.** The scouts of Omaha have again made themselves felt in the scout world. They have started a "Boy Scout Thrift Shop." A cobbling class has been formed and all the people of the community have been asked to turn over to the boy scouts all old and discarded shoes.

Under the instruction of an expert the scouts are taught to repair these shoes and they are then made available at a nominal price for those in need. Over 5,000 pairs were turned in.

**SCOUTS GIVE LARGEST FLAG.** Ten cents per member assessed on all scouts throughout Birmingham, Ala., gave a sum of money to buy the largest flag in the South and present it to the city.

The flag is flown from an immense steel pole constructed at a cost of something like \$1,500 by public subscription secured by the Civic association. Scouts attend to the raising and lowering of the flag.

# NOW RAISES 600 CHICKENS

After Being Relieved of Organic Trouble by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Oregon, Ill.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for an organic trouble which I could not put my foot to the floor and could scarcely do my work, and as I live on a small farm and raise a few hundred chickens every year it made it very hard for me."

"I saw the Compound advertised in our paper, and tried it. It has restored my health so I can do all my work and I am so grateful that I am recommending it to my friends."—Mrs. D. M. Alvares, R. R. 4, Oregon, Ill.

Only women who have suffered the tortures of such troubles and have dragged along from day to day can realize the relief which this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, brought to Mrs. Alvares. Women everywhere in Mrs. Alvares' condition should credit by her recommendation, and if there are any complications write Lydia E. Pinkham's Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of their 40 years experience is at your service.

**Showing His Ignorance.** It was after five o'clock and the 100-aisle street car was crowded with passengers who were patriotically carrying their purchases home. At about Fourteenth street the car stopped and the conductor called out: "Here's a veil some one has lost."

As no one claimed it, he cried again, "Has any lady here lost a veil?" With that he innocently displayed the filmy article to those who were near.

"Oh, it's a waist," came in chorus from the women.

"He's surely not married," suggested one.

The owner of the waist had left the car at Eleventh street, but had so many bundles that this one was left behind in the crowd.—Indianapolis News.

**The Way to Do.** "I am certainly having trouble with my gas arrangements."

"Oh, make light of such troubles."

Some men are like knives; in getting sharp they lose more or less of their best mettle.

**IN THE SPRING** will be the great test of a life and death struggle on the Western front. In the everyday walks of life, it is the spring time that brings ill health. One of the chief reasons why the run-down man finds himself in a bad state of health in March or April, is because he has spent nearly all his hours for the past four or five months peened up within the walls of a house, factory or office. It is the reason for our diminished resistance—that is, lack of outdoor life, coupled with perhaps over-eating, lack of good exercise, inefficient sleep, and constipation. In other words, we keep feeding the furnace with food but do not take out the "clinkers," and our fire does not burn brightly. Always keep the liver active. There is nothing better for health than taking an occasional mild laxative, perhaps once a week; such a one as you can get at a drug store, made up of May-apple, senna, aloes (sugar-coated, tiny, easily taken), which has stood the test of fifty years of approval—namely, Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant" Laxative. Ask for the "Spring Filler," the general run-down condition, the lack of ambition, the "blues," one should take a course of treatment every spring; such a planed tonic as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, now to be had in tablet form in sixty-cent vials. Watch the people go plodding along the street. There's no spring, no vitality. A vitalizing tonic such as this vegetable extract of Dr. Pierce's gives you the power to force yourself into action. The brain responds to the new blood in circulation, and thus you're ready to make a fight against stagnation which holds you in the grip of "the blues." Wait! Today is the day to begin. Gain a little pep, and laugh and live. Vm and vitality are the result of a healthy body. It does not spring up in a night. Try this spring tonic, and you gain the courage that comes with good health.

**Small Pill Small Dose Small Price**

**CARTER'S LIVER PILLS**

**FOR CONSTIPATION**

have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion.

Genuine bears signature

**PALE FACES**

Generally indicate a lack of iron in the blood

**Carter's Iron Pills**

Will help this condition

**Don't Use Any Other Than Cuticura Soap To Clear Your Skin**

**BRONCHIAL TROUBLES**

Don't let the irritation and the relief the doctor. Use both Cuticura and PISO'S

**PISO'S**



# Brunswick Phonographs

For clearness and richness of tone are the wonder of the age. And its powerful, quiet-running motor is unexcelled. The combined features of the BRUNSWICK make it the greatest of all phonographs.

We are agents for these machines in Northern Michigan and have now in stock machines ranging in price from \$75 to \$155. Our demonstration room is over our store where you are welcome to call at any time.

WE HAVE A NICE ASSORTMENT OF PATHE RECORDS ON SALE

Central Drug Store

A. C. OLSON, Prop'r.  
PHONE NUMBER ONE



## Crawford Avalanche

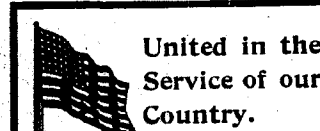
O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

### SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50  
Six Months......75  
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice, Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, MAR. 28



Next Monday is election day in the townships. It seems unnecessary that we suggest to our readers that they find out who are the best qualified men among the nominees and then vote for them. Everybody knows that that is what we should do. Let's vote for men of efficiency and good sound judgment, just the same kind of men we would want to hire to conduct our private business. When we have conscientiously done this we will have done well. In some candidates there is so much merit that there is but little room for choice, but in other instances there is but one choice and we believe the voters are fully aware as to what is best for their respective townships. Don't forget to get out and vote—next Monday.

President Wilson has signed a bill whereby all clocks the country over must be set ahead one hour beginning the last Sunday in March. This is adopting for Michigan, eastern standard time, the same as used in Detroit for some time past. The day-light saving plan will go into effect without the slightest impairment of existing conditions. Trains will run as usual and every feature of day life into which the element of time enters will remain unchanged. Before retiring on the last Saturday night of the month the American householder will set his clock an hour ahead and then may go to sleep and forget entirely about daylight saving until the last Saturday of October when the clocks will be set back an hour.

Modern Woodmen of America Attention.

A special meeting is called for Friday evening, April 5th, 1918. All members of this Order are invited to be present at the Oddfellows hall at 8:00 o'clock on this evening.

## A Soldier and the Bond Buyer.

"It is a sacred duty of every citizen and it should be regarded as a glorious privilege by every patriot to uphold the Government's credit with the same kind of self-sacrifice and nobility of soul that their gallant sons exhibit when they die for us on the battle fields of Europe."

Secretary McAdoo has issued no stronger call upon the American people to support the Liberty Loan. The third loan will soon be opened. Behind every American soldier in France, back of every American sailor of the seas, there should be a worker and a bond buyer at home. There is the braver part, but we who remain at home can be no less useful if we exhibit that self-sacrifice that they demonstrate in risking their lives.

If the American people possess and put into effective force the same faith in Americanism that the Germans show for their Kultur, the struggle between German Kultur and American civilization will be a short one and America's victory overwhelming.

We may be a little slow, may have much inertia to overcome, but American might, like the mills of the gods, may grind slowly but will grind exceeding small.

### "Oh Doctor"

If you can go to sleep during the performance of that carnival of fun and music, "Oh Doctor" in which Jack Johnson, the world's famous impersonator will appear in at the Temple theatre, next Friday night, March 29, you will be entitled to a medal as the champion sleeper of the world. There is not a dull moment in this exceedingly funny musical show. It is guaranteed as a sure cure for the blues and is filled to the brim with catchy songs and pretty girls. The plot deals with the efforts of a young chap to gain the consent of a sporty old man with whose ward he is in love. To do this he impersonates a celebrated musical comedy prima-donna with whom the old man has had an "affair." Johnson's impersonation of the actress is one of the most artistic and comical pieces of work seen in musical comedy for many a year.

### Registration of Women Postponed.

Upon orders received from our governor and from federal officials the registration of woman is postponed from April 6 to April 27.

This change is made to avoid confusion in the work of handling the next Liberty loan drive, which is to start April 6.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AVALANCHE.

## School Notes

"The borrower is a slave to the lender, and the debtor to the creditor."—Franklin.

Some of the High School boys were slightly indignant when the girls were permitted to go to the gymnasium to get some pointers in cooking; for they declared they were much better cooks than the girls ever thought of being.

The French classes have had to prick up their ears in order to distinguish between their grammars, grammar, and their grandmothers grandmother.

Messrs John Phelps and Gordon Chamberlain are entertaining the mumps family.

Is there any difference between a square foot and a foot square? The Solid Geometry class has decided that there is, and furthermore they can make drawings to prove it.

Miss Florence Smith who has been taking a Commercial course here has discontinued her work preparatory to taking a position as first grade teacher in one of the Bay City schools.

The English Lit. class believe that they would never recognize Georgia as described by Goldsmith in, The Deserted Village. "The rushing streams, torrid heat, hurricanes, tigers and everglades make us realize that things have certainly changed since the white man first came to this country."

The Mathematics department has been presented with a graphing chart which rolls up out of the way when not in use, but which comes in very handy for the Algebra classes struggling with this branch of work.

The following program was given Friday, March 22:

Recitation, "Almost beyond Endurance" (Riley)—Lucille Phelps.

Essay, The story of Jonathan and David—Greta Fink.

Recitation, Jack the Giant Killer (Riley)—Merideth Cameron.

Orchestra—Marshall Holliday, Kathryn Clark, Charles Gierke, and Charlotte Flagg.

Recitation, My Ships (Wilcox)—Lillian Doroh.

Recitation—Jane Jones (King).

Reading, A Doctrinal Discussion—Matilda Stephan.

Recitation, Candle Lighten Time (Dunbar)—Leslie Harrington.

Recitation, Encouragement (Dunbar)—Lillian Smith.

Music by the orchestra.

The physical geography class after reading the barometer and other instruments about the laboratory predicts fair weather for tomorrow (Thursday).

Mr. Otterbein goes to Gaylord this Thursday to act as judge in a debate between Gaylord high and the "Soo" High.

### Eight Crawford County Boys to Leave For Camp Custer Monday Night.

Next Monday, April 1, the next contingent of drafted men will leave for Camp Custer. This will complete the original list of 81 from Crawford county. Those who listed to leave at that time are the following:—

Benjamin Horton.  
Floyd Beach.  
Clyde Smith.  
George Waldie.  
Oscar Parsons.  
Fred Brown.

Frank C. Foreman.  
Harry W. M. Sorenson.  
Haus P. W. Nelson and Eddie Graham are alternates and in case any of the above fail to report they will go in their stead. Frank Foreman and Harry Sorenson were not on the regular list of those to leave at this time but they prevailed upon two other men to give up their turns so that they could go at this time. Foreman has been trying to get into the service ever since last summer but was each time rejected because of bad teeth, but the dentist has come to his rescue and soon Foreman will be a full fledged soldier, and we are sure he will make a good one.

The train will leave at 11:25 Monday evening. On that evening there will be the usual meeting of the people of this county at the school house to bid the boys farewell and speed them on their journey. A program of talks and music will be given. All are invited to attend the meeting at the school house.

Letter from "Dago" Laurant, Now in France.

"Somewhere in France," February 27, 1918.

Dear mother:

Am writing a few lines to let you know how I am getting along.

We are now over here and we had a fine trip. I am feeling fine and this is a great place. We cannot tell you just where we are at, but that doesn't make much difference anyway as long as you know how I am. I don't know whether Will has gotten over here yet or not, but you will hear from him and then you can let me know; but I think he is here some where.

It is very nice over here and things look a lot more funny here than you can ever dream of. The buildings look so much different, and there are many very pretty sights to see here, and I think our work will be very interesting.

Well mother, I can't think of much more so I will close this will find you all well. I remain,  
Your loving son,  
Corp. Wilfred Laurant.

First Co. Motor Machine Reg.  
Signal Corps, Co. 40. A. R. F.  
Via, New York City.

## Crawford Avalanche

### Frederic School Notes.

The Seniors have given up their play and will serve dinner on Election day.

Frederic schools are unanimously enrolled as Junior Red Cross members. The last ones enrolled Wednesday of this week.

Several seniors contemplate taking the April teachers examination and are reviewing for same.

Supt. O. J. Heber is elected superintendent of schools at Marion, Mich., with \$300 increase in salary.

Miss Vera Cameron is taking Mrs. Minnie Cameron's place in the primary department.

The High school is singing "Keep the home fires burning," which they learned during a morning exercise period.

Only nine weeks more and then, keep busy for your Uncle Sam.

The Board voted to do without the usual spring vacation.

A complete sanitary toilet system will be installed during next summer. The system will cost no less than \$1,000.00.

### Eldorado Nuggets.

While visiting at the home of W. G. Cosand last Monday, Mrs. Margaret Wehnes suffered what might have been a very serious if not a fatal accident. Mr. Cosand being away from home, Mrs. Cosand went out to the barn to let the cattle out to water, Mrs. Wehnes accompanying her. As the latter stepped into the barn she slipped and fell on a cow that was lying on the floor with its young calf. The cow attacked her furiously, knocking her down and bruising her severely. No bones were broken however, and she is getting along nicely.

At 6 o'clock p. m., Friday, March 22 a young son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Boyd J. Funsch. The little one weighs 8 1/2 pounds. Both mother and child are doing well.

W. G. Cosand and son Laverne were Grayling visitors Monday.

Mrs. William Deeter of Luzerne is spending a few days here in attendance on Mrs. B. J. Funsch.

A box social and dance will be held at the Eldorado school house in the interest of the Red Cross.

John W. Hartman is home after spending the winter at work in the woods near Lewistown.

### Coy News.

Mrs. George Pearsall, who has been sick is now improving.

Mrs. O. B. Scott left Saturday for Owosso to visit her sister and brother, Mrs. George Colladay and Harry Baker, respectively.

Miss Helen Richardson spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Richardson.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Floeter are the proud parents of a baby boy born Wednesday the 20th.

Miss Hattie Overmyer is visiting with Miss Marguerite Scott for a few days.

Miss Gladene Newton came home Monday evening after spending a few days with Mrs. David Martin of Kenos.

Oliver B. Scott was a business caller at Grayling Monday.

Oliver B. Scott and family and Miss Hattie Overmyer spent Sunday at the home of the former's brother Alvin.

Michael Smith of West Branch is visiting relatives and friends here.

### Attention Board of Trade.

Grayling, Mich.,  
Mar. 26, 1918.

Board of Trade,  
Grayling, Mich.

Dear sir:

A meeting of the Crawford County War Preparedness board of which the Board of trade are members will be held in the Court house on Saturday, March 30 at 2:00 o'clock p. m. Very important business will come before the Board at this time and your presence is requested.

Yours very truly,  
Allen B. Failing,  
Secretary.

### Make Applications For Ford Tractors.

Owing to the demand for Ford tractors and the necessity of getting them on the farms at the earliest possible date, farmers who want to purchase these machines are urged to file their applications at once with the chairman of the "Crawford County War Preparedness board or the County agricultural agent."

Application blanks have been mailed to county war boards with complete information as to the terms of sale.

Shipments of tractors will start April 1 and will be sent direct from Detroit to a central distribution point in this County.

Mich. War Preparedness Board.

### Methodist Church Notes.

Gospel services will be held morning and evening at 10:30 and 7:00 o'clock in the Danebod. Please attend these services and bring a friend, all are welcome.

Round Oak heating stoves and Round Oak Chief ranges. 11-1-tf  
F. R. Deekrow.

### Name Your Ailment.

The descriptions are so clear, plain and simple, that anyone can name their ailment by reading Dr. Humphrey's Manual, a compact little Medical Volume, that fits the side pocket, mailed free on request, address: Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Co. 155 William St., New York.

## COUNTY AGENTS COLUMN

The County agent is very busy conferring with the War Boards of the two counties, co-ordinating the meetings he has to hold in connection with the Institute work and Food Conservation Message, with the meetings that will be necessary in connection with the third Liberty Loan drive, the Women's Registration and the Red Cross drive which is expected in May. It is felt that there will be better results attained if these different meetings are co-ordinated so that people will not be asked to attend meetings too often. All the works can be presented at one meeting better.

Wm. F. Johnston, county agent has succeeded in securing 100 bushels of the New York Flint seed corn, which the Michigan War board has purchased. This corn has been tested by the Agricultural college and tests 80%. The price is \$5.00 per bushel plus freight and expenses from Bay City. Full particulars as to just where farmers will have to go to get it, will be announced during the coming week.

The distribution of the Fordson tractors purchased by the Michigan War board has been placed in the hands of the local War boards owing to the fact that there are not county agents in all the counties. However the State War board has requested the county agents to assist the local War boards in placing the tractors. The county agent in these counties has already placed two orders, and will be glad to assist any farmers who want to purchase one of these tractors.



(Copyright by McClure Syndicate.)

## WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No ad. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

FOR SALE—Two gelding horses, bay color, 6 years old, weight about 1100 pounds each. Inquire at the John Skingley farm, Beaver Creek. 3-28-2

FOR SALE—1917 Ford touring car, newly painted and overhauled; price \$300. C. N. Underhill, Lovells.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—We have thoroughbred Plymouth Rocks, price \$1.25 per setting of 15. Phone 75-3. State Game Preserve.

SALESMEN WANTED to solicit orders for lubricating oils, greases and paints. Salary or Commission. Address The Harvey Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

FOR SALE—A lot of good second hand household goods. Cheap, for cash. 1 parlor suit, 1 couch, 1 soft coal burner, 1 bedstead and spring, 1 dresser, 1 dining room table and six chairs. Telephone 834. Inquire W. J. Graham. 3-28-2

FOR SALE—Dry jack pine. \$2.00 per cord. Inquire of Henry Borchers, Jr. 3-28-1

FOR SALE—3 mares, 4, 5, 6 years old respectively. Weight 1200 to 1350. 5 cows, 2 fresh with calves, 3 coming in April 1. E. W. Simpson, Fletcher, 15 miles southwest of Grayling. P. O. address, Moores town, Mich. 3-28-1

WANTED—To rent or buy a good first-class incubator and brooder, at once. Alvin LaChapelle.

FOR RENT—Light housekeeping rooms and also rooms to rent to responsible gentleman. Inquire of Mrs. C. H. Hathaway at the Harry Hill residence. 3-21-tf

REWARD is offered for the return of a gold lavalliere and chain which was lost Thursday afternoon, March 7, somewhere between the postoffice and bakery. Finder kindly return to Miss Marie Foreman. 3-21-tf

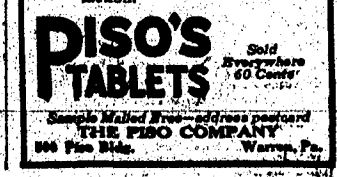
FOR SALE—Second hand Birdsell wagon at reasonable price. Wm. McCullough.

WANTED—Middle aged woman who would like a comfortable home and would do light housework. Mrs. Primeau, South side.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels, also Eggs for hatching. Phone 713. J. M. Bunting. tf.

### Does Your Back Ache?

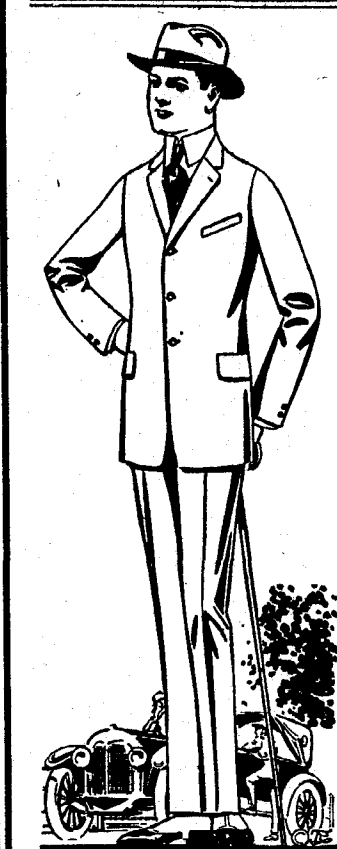
DO YOU find it difficult to hold up your head and do your work? Distressing symptoms caused by unhealthy conditions. Generally no medicine is required, merely local application of PISO's Tablets. A valuable healing remedy with antiseptic, astringent and tonic effects—simple in action and application, soothing and refreshing. The same in the name, PISO guarantees satisfaction.



## Have Your Your Measure Taken April 8th

### Special Invitation

April 8th a special representative of this great tailoring firm will be in our store and give his entire attention to any customers that may come in on that day. We most cordially invite every man to come in and see what we can do for them to make their clothes problem a pleasure.



When a man buys a 'new suit he always wants to know that he will be SATISFIED.

Unless he is satisfied he will never enjoy the garment, no matter what it may have cost. Now that is just the reason why we ask the men of Grayling to let us send their order to Kahn Bros. of Chicago for their new clothes—we know everyone of our customers are going to be pleased with their suit.

Perfect Fit  
Graceful Design  
and Elegant  
Workmanship

stamp every suit with comfort, style and good service.

SALLING,  
HANSON CO.

Established 1878



### Forgot What He Needed.

From the Republican, Mt. Gilead, Ohio: The editor had an interesting experience some time ago, when a young gentleman came to this office and asked for a copy of the Morrow County Republican. He scrutinized it carefully when a copy was handed him, and then said: "Now I know!" "What is it you are looking for," we inquired. "My wife sent me after a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I forgot the name. I went to several stores and the clerks named over everything in the line on the shelf except 'Chamberlain's.' I'll try again and I'll never go home without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy." The Republican would suggest to the proprietors of stores, that they post their clerks, and never let them substitute. Customers lose faith in stores where substituting is permitted, to say nothing of the injustice to makers of good goods and the disappointment of customers.

FOR QUICK RESULTS USE OUR WANT COLUMN—The Cost Is Small.

### GRAYLING PROOF.

Should Convince Every Grayling Reader.

The frank statement of a neighbor, telling the merits of a remedy, bids you pause and believe. The same endorsement by some stranger far away commands no belief at all. Here's a Grayling case: A Grayling citizen testifies. Read and be convinced. W. A. McNeal, Chestnut St., says: "My kidneys have been out of order at times, and the secretions have passed too frequently. Colds have settled on my kidneys, too. I have used Doan's Kidney Pills, which I get at Olson's Drug Store, at these times and they have strengthened my kidneys and rid me of the trouble entirely."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. McNeal had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs; Buffalo, N. Y.



## Thrift Stamps Free

For several weeks past we have been studying to find a way in which we can furnish the families in Grayling with Thrift Stamps.

We want to see one of these little savings accounts started in every home. We know that if this is done that the homes are to reap a good benefit from the interest that is to accrue from these savings, and besides Uncle Sam needs these small amounts for war expenses.

Without increasing the cost to you of any of the commodities sold in our store, we are going to give a 25c Thrift Stamp with every \$10.00 worth of merchandise purchased.

This is not a plan to induce increased patronage on the part of the public, but is intended to inspire greater thrift among our people and at the same time bring in the dollars to the Government for backing up our soldier boys—the army needs the money.

Model Bakery

THOS. CASSIDY,  
Proprietor

THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

## Have Your Tires Repaired Early

The Vulcanizing Plant is now open for business and is in a position to take care of all tire repairing and bicycle repairing. All work guaranteed. Prices reasonable.

### ALBERT BORCHERS

will have charge of the vulcanizing and tire repair work. He just returned from Akron, Ohio, where he took a complete course of instructions in this line of work, under supervision of the Goodyear tire factory. We are exclusive agents in Crawford county for

### GOODYEAR TIRES

and just received a complete assortment of sizes and styles. Anyone needing tires will do well to come and see what we have to offer.

Grayling Vulcanizing & Tire Supply Company



## ARE YOU KEEPING FIT?

"Keeping fit" is to a very large extent a matter of taking care of oneself, and carelessness in little things is responsible for many a doctor's bill.

### We Know You Are Not Sick

But we know that most of people are afflicted with one or more of the following conditions after a long hard winter. Thick sluggish blood, slight indigestion, muddy complexion, boils and pimples, headaches, etc. Possibly there may be no danger at present, but the danger lies in letting this condition continue, thinking that you will feel better to-morrow. There are about 99 chances in a 100 that a bottle of

#### BEEF, WINE AND IRON

Tonic taken during the spring months would improve your physical condition.

**A. M. LEWIS,**  
Your Druggist Phone 18  
CAMERAS and PHOTO SUPPLIES



## Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, MAR. 28

Next Sunday is Easter.

Get ready for the next Liberty loan.

Miss Elsie Zalsman is an apprentice at The Hat Shop.

Mrs. Robert M. Roblin is entertaining her father of Bay City.

Mrs. Prudence Marshall left Tuesday for Bay City to visit friends over Easter.

We now have in stock Velox paper 3 1/2 x 5 1/2 and Azo paper 4 1/2 x 6 1/2.

Sorenson Bros.

A. M. Lewis is visiting his parents in Brown City. He also visited Camp Custer to call on some of our Grayling boys.

A list of delinquent taxes for 1915 and previous years appears in supplement form in this issue of the Avalanche.

Look for the Model Bakery advertisement in this paper, it is of special interest to every man, woman and child in Grayling.

Sheriff W. H. Cody has purchased the home of Fred Aebli on Railroad street. The latter and his family expect to move to Bay City soon.

Mrs. Laura Tetu left the latter part of last week for Bay City to attend the funeral of Mr. Prior, the father of Mrs. Allen Croteau, former residents of Grayling. When she returns home she will be accompanied by her mother Mrs. Collier of Standish.

Any one who has a Xmas tree left from Xmas, please notify Mrs. L. J. Kraus or P. G. Zalsman and the Boy scouts will call for same. These trees are to be used as decorations for the bird house exhibit and sale, which will be given soon, so that growing trees will not have to be cut.

Peter Smith of Otsego county near Deward, has sold his farm there and purchased the bungalow of Phillip J. Moshier on Cedar Street and will move his family to Grayling to make their home. Mr. Smith at one time was a teamster employed at one of the Salling Hanson company mills.



## REST YOUR EYES

Your vision may be fairly good and yet—glasses worn temporarily—will afford your eyes relief and comfort.

Let us make up a pair of "rest glasses" for you.

**C. J. HATHAWAY**  
Optometrist Phone 1273 Jeweler

Registered under Michigan's Optometry Law by Examination

## Shoe Polishes Dressings and Shoe Lacings

Classiest assortment in Grayling. Ladies you will be specially pleased with our stock.

Now is the time to get a new pair of

**Rubber Heels and Soles**  
(Solid Foot Comfort)

**Rapid Shoe Repair Shop**

E. J. OLSON, Prop'r.  
Next Door to Central Drug Store

See Geo. L. Alexander & Son before purchasing automobile insurance.

There will be special Easter music and services in all our churches next Sunday.

A high grade house paint, as long as the present stock lasts, \$2.75 per gallon. Sorenson Bros.

Attorney Merle Nellist and wife of Mio, were guests at the home of Frank Woodruff Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Robert H. Gillette is spending the week visiting Saginaw friends. Mr. Gillette joined her there Wednesday.

Attorney Glen Smith came home from Detroit for a few days visit with friends and also to look after some business matters.

We have on display a handsome assortment of postal cards and novelties for Easter. Come in and look them over. Sorenson Bros.

Eugene Kendrick of Marsland, Nebraska, arrived in the city Tuesday afternoon for a few days' visit at the home of Dr. and Mrs. O. Palmer.

Next Saturday night when the people of the central states retire they are expected to set their clocks ahead one hour and go to bed and forget all about it. Clocks will remain that way until next October when the government will ask that they be set back one hour.

Attention is called to all motor boat owners that a license to use your motor is necessary. The time for providing licenses expired last October and anyone using their motors at this time is subject to a fine. Apply for your license at once. A supply of application blanks may be had at the Bank of Grayling, where Mr. M. Hanson says that he will be glad to aid those wanting them to make them out.

The Home Beautiful stereopticon exhibit at the school house Monday night was well attended. The pictures shown fully demonstrated the advantages of clean premises and tasty arrangement of trees and yards. Owing to an insufficient lighting system used the pictures were not as bright as they should have been, still we feel sure that the efforts of the ladies of the Goodfellowship club, who provided the exhibit, will inspire public and individual advancement in the things the pictures stood for.

A pretty wedding occurred Tuesday afternoon at 4:00 o'clock when Miss Goldie Rosebury, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rosebury of this city, became the bride of Mr. Albert Patrick, formerly of Mio but now of Grayling. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Aaron Mitchell at the M. E. parsonage. The bride was attended by her sister Miss Mildred Rosebury; and the groom by his brother Myron Patrick. Mr. Patrick is an employee of the Michigan Central railroad in this city and the happy couple will make their home here.

The big Easter dancing party that will be given by the K. of P. lodge next week Wednesday night April 3, for the benefit of the Red Cross of Crawford county, is bound to be the biggest event of this kind this lodge has ever attempted. So many reports have been coming in to some of our members about the high qualities of Stone's orchestra of Detroit, that will furnish the music, that that part of the ball is assured to be grand. There are eight members in the orchestra and they are recognized in and around Detroit as "Kings of the ball room."

They have many vocal and many funny stunts that will entertain the dancers as well as inspire and make enjoyable the dance itself. As an extra feature Prof. Stone has agreed to bring along one of the best banjo players in America. Other features of the ball will be in harmony with the music. Should the invitation committee overlook you, or some of your friends, kindly notify either Charles Abbott at Lewis' drug store, Abe Joseph at the Mercantile Co. store, or Emil Giegling. Tickets are on sale by the members and at the drug stores.

Hans R. Nelson (South side) has installed a new up-to-date Shaler vulcanizer and is ready to do your tire and tube repairing. He uses the wrapped tread method of vulcanizing that does not leave large unsightly scars on casing. He respectfully solicits your tire repair work. 3-28-2

To those who may be contemplating attending the class in Applied Christianity at the Danebod, I would like to say that the nature of the work during the next two or three Sundays is such as to make it desirable to be present next Sunday. The particular subject will be "Is man a rational being or is he rather a creature of instinct and impulse?"

The demonstration carried on at the school gymnasium Tuesday and Wednesday by Miss Helen Ames of the Agricultural college, were well attended. Those who attended speak highly of the work done here by Miss Ames. We intend to give a good report of her work here in Grayling in our next week's edition for the benefit of those who were unable to attend the sessions.

At the convention of state grocery men in Ann Arbor, a resolution was passed favoring the recent increase in second class matter and favoring still further increase. The grocery-men seem to forget that newspapers are their best friends, that it is through the newspapers that they sell their wares and that increased postage would have to be paid by some one besides the publishers. Newspapers are being crowded closer than perhaps any other business. They are expected to boost patriotism, Liberty bonds, Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., fuel and food conservation and every movement that may be thought to help the government without remuneration. The newspapers have responded liberally, giving its space, time and labor for this purpose and yet there are people who wish them to assume additional burdens. Many newspapers have been forced out of business and more are likely to go to the wall when the new postal ruling goes into effect. Clinton Local.

Take our advice and buy your window shades now. We expect the present prices to advance soon.

Sorenson Bros.

"Oh Doctor," a high class musical comedy will be presented at Temple theatre Friday night. Hal Johnson the well-known female impersonator plays the leading roll, he is supported by a chorus of twenty people, most of whom are pretty girls. This is a guaranteed performance. Admission 25, 50 and 75c, with the usual war tax.

Announcement in last night's daily newspapers state that Holger Peterson has been nominated for postmaster of Grayling. No doubt his nomination will be confirmed by congress. Mr. Peterson was born in Grayling and is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Peterson, of this city. The Avalanche extends congratulations and best wishes on his good fortune.

The Brave Little Tom Boy was presented in drama by the pupils of the Junior high school last night. It is a fine little colonial play and was well rendered by the young people. We hope the school will give us more such productions for there are few affairs of greater interest to the people of the community than those wherein our school boys and girls take part.

On April 8th there will be a representative from the great tailoring firm of Kahn Bros., of Chicago at our store to assist us in taking measurements for men's fine suits and overcoats. There will be a special display of fine woolsens, and styles and you are invited to be here that day. We guarantee perfect fit and satisfaction on every suit we sell.

Salling Hanson Co.

NOTICE—Attention is called to teamsters and others who may be hauling rubbish to the town dump, that such rubbish should be deposited in the proper place within the dump and not be placed along the road sides. Anyone violating these provisions will be dealt with according to law.

Village Council.

Asks Boys Not to Shoot Birds.

Mr. O. P. Schumann, City.

Dear Mr. Schumann:—

It has come to my notice that several of our younger boys have been running around town with air guns looking for birds or wild animals that may chance to make their appearance here.

This is a violation of the laws of the state, and certainly is wrong in principle for the reason that our birds including the sparrows harm no one and do a great deal of good. They are excellent scavengers, and should be protected to the fullest extent of the law.

It certainly is no credit to the boys to seek the lives of these helpless creatures. If they were killed outright it would not be so bad, but to have them injured and then suffer until death relieves them, is surely a shame. It makes a man's heart ache to see it.

Will you please ask the boys of Grayling thru your paper not to molest the birds that come this way, and see that they are protected in every way possible.

I think it would be well if the hardware merchants refused to sell air guns to boys. Accidents will result to themselves or some one else thru careless handling.

Yours very truly,

R. Hanson.

Report of War Savings Societies.

Men's Class of Applied Christianity.....	\$342.25
St. Mary's Society.....	
St. John's Society.....	
St. Anthony's Society.....	
Lovells War Savings Society.....	74.75
Chief War Savings Society.....	
DuPont War Savings Society.....	
Shoppengans War Savings Society.....	94.00

All societies are requested to report each week to Mr. Lewis' drug store.

## CLAUDE GILSON

### Auto Garage

(Formerly Benson's Garage)

Dealer in

**Goodyear Tires and Tubes**

**Williard Batteries**

**All Auto Accessories**

**All Work Guaranteed**



# Your Easter Apparel is Here

Our showing of ladies' Coats for this Spring embraces a collection of the latest styles and is worthy of your inspection. The Easter display of Skirts, Millinery, Waists, Shoes, Collars, Purses is the largest we have ever shown.

## Men, the New Hats and Caps for Easter

and Spring wear are here and we want you to see them.

The New Caps 50c to \$2.00

The New Hats \$1.75 to \$3.50

New Shirts - 75c to \$2.00

New Ties - - 25c to 75c

## A Grand Showing of Men's Shoes

The biggest values ever shown. New dark browns, tans and blacks.

## Spring Styles in Men's and Boys' Suits

A comprehensive selection in the latest patterns and styles

STORE HOURS---7 a. m. until 6 p. m.; Pay days until 7 p. m.; Saturdays until 9 p. m.

## Grayling Mercantile Co.

Phone 1251

The Quality Store



If the man worked in the kitchen—

he would select a **McDougall**  
THE FIRST KITCHEN CABINET

Of course he would use conveniences that would save his time and energies—just as he uses filing systems, telephones and other efficiency devices at the office.

But he would go farther than this: In the purchase of a kitchen cabinet, for instance, he would select the cabinet that offered him the utmost in utility and method, just as he would select for his office a filing system or desk for like superiority.

He would buy a name for the special advantages which the name insured.

He would know that the name McDougall on a kitchen cabinet is the insignia of supremacy. He would recognize in the McDougall the original kitchen cabinet—the cabinet that has ever led in quality and efficiency.

In the McDougall Auto-Front Cabinet he would recognize the super-cabinet of "big business." He would see that it embodies every convenience that ingenuity can devise. He would

note the free and open working-space which the patented Auto-Front permits, and the extra roominess of the cupboard. He would notice the tilting removable flour bin, the white Porcelain sliding top, and other wonderful McDougall features.

He would be impressed with the fact that the McDougall is not an ordinary kitchen cabinet, but a veritable method of better kitchen management that extends to the stove, ice box, pantry, etc., even to the better utilization of foods.

### EASY PAYMENT PLAN

Come to see this splendid kitchen cabinet. Every inch of it—from its easy rolling, ball-bearing casters at the very bottom, to the shining name plate at the very top—bespeaks its high McDougall origin.

It is popular in price, and it may be purchased on the convenient payment plan.

## SORENSEN BROTHERS

The Home of Dependable Furniture



## Strength Gave Out

Mr. Schmitt Was Miserable From Kidney Trouble Until Doan's Came to His Assistance. Now Well.

"My kidneys gave out during the summer of 1916," says Mrs. Marguerite Schmitt, 38, Alabama Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. "My back ached and pained as if it were broken. When I moved in bed, sharp, darting pains caught me across my back and I couldn't turn. Mornings I was stiff and sore and it felt as if heavy weights were tied to me. I was so worn-out, I often came near falling from dizziness and flashes of fire would come before my eyes, blinding me."

"I had the most severe headaches and my kidneys didn't act regularly. The excursions passed too often and caused much distress. I was hardly able to do my housework and just to walk upstairs took all my strength."

"As soon as I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, I improved and six boxes put me in better health than I had enjoyed for years."

Mrs. Schmitt gave the foregoing statement in 1916 and on April 6, 1917, she said: "My cure has been permanent. I keep Doan's on hand, however, and take a few doses occasionally."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

## Why Women Suffer

BECAUSE you are a woman there is no need to suffer pain and annoyance which interfere with work, comfort and pleasure. When you suffer from PISO's Tablets—a valuable, healing local application with astringent and tonic effects. The name PISO established over 50 years guarantees fair treatment. Money refunded if not satisfied. If you would be rid of Backaches, Headaches, Nervousness, Weariness as symptoms of the condition—a trial will convince.

**PISO'S TABLETS**

Sample Mailed Free—address postcard

THE PISO COMPANY

400 Pico Bldg. Warren, Pa.

## REWARD FOR TELLING TRUTH

Portuguese Statesman May Not Have Been Flattered, But at Least He Won One Vote.

Senhor Costa, the Portuguese prime minister, in excusing himself from making a speech on the ground that he was no orator, told an amusing anecdote at a luncheon party given in his honor during his recent visit to London. It appears that when he first put up for the Portuguese national council he prefaced his opening address to his lack of oratorical gifts. After he had finished a man pushed forward, grasped his hand warmly, and said:

"Senhor, I've been a lifelong opponent of yours, but at the coming election I shall vote for you."

"Thank you," said Costa, much gratified. "May I ask the particular reason for your change of views?"

"Because you are the first speaker on either side that I have heard tell the truth," was the reply. "You said when you began that you couldn't make much of a speech, and by heavens, senhor, you can't."

Going to Be Something. A colored man in Philadelphia requested his employer to release him so that he could go South.

"What do you want to go for, Lafayette?"

"Cos I've called to a church down dar."

"Called to a church? What are you going to be?"

"Ise goin' to be sunfin. I dunno whedder I be de pasture or de sextant or de vestryman, but I'se goin' to be sunfin."—New Success.

Daily Thought. Degrees infinite of luster there must always be, but the weakest among us has a gift, however seemingly trivial, which is peculiar to him and which, worthily used, will be a gift also to his race forever.—Ruskin.

If they couldn't remarry few women would want a divorce. The worst feature of a divorce is that it usually results in two more marriages.

## Wakeful Nights

—go out of style in the family that once drank coffee but now uses

**INSTANT POSTUM**

This wholesome beverage of delicious flavor contains no drug elements to upset heart or nerves and its cheery goodness is just the thing in the way of a hot table drink.

"There's a Reason"



## EASTER SUNDAY NEW YEAR'S DAY

Originally Marked the Beginning of the Twelve Months—Spring Festivals in Vogue Long Before the Time of Christianity.

By REV. ARTHUR HOLT.

EASTER Sunday was formerly equivalent to New Year's day; though not the first day of the year it was the day on which the opening of the year was celebrated. Historically the Christian Easter is simply a continuation of the Jewish Passover, which was celebrated on the 14th day of the first month of the Jewish year—that is, on the day of the first full moon next following the day of the equinox. It has been questioned whether any special observance of this day was practiced or enjoined by the apostles and the early Church Fathers; yet the words of St. Paul (1 Cor. 5:7-8) seem to sanction if they do not recommend an observance of some sort and foreshadow the thought which came finally to underlie it: "For even Christ our passover is sacrificed for us. Therefore let us keep the feast, not with old leaven, neither with the leaven of malice and wickedness, but with the unleavened bread of sincerity and truth." According to the Jewish tradition, the Passover commemorated the passing of the Angel of Death over the houses of the Israelites in Egypt, the doorposts and lintels of which had been sprinkled with the blood of the paschal lamb. The Christians, in adopting the festival, gave it a new significance. For them the Savior became the true Paschal Lamb, and the new festival commemorated His resurrection on the third day following the Crucifixion.

The proper day for celebrating Easter was one of the questions which the Council of Nice (A. D. 325) was called upon to decide. By the Eastern Christians it was at that time celebrated on the same day as the Jewish Passover, without regard to the day of the week on which it might fall. Among the Western Christians, who held that the crucifixion occurred on a Friday and the resurrection on a Sunday, there had arisen a custom of celebrating Easter on the first Sunday following the 14th of the first month, and to this custom was given the official sanction of the council. Furthermore, the rule then established for fixing upon the proper Sunday was designed partly to prevent the possibility of Easter ever falling on the same day as the Passover, but the rule has failed on several occasions to prevent this coincidence, and at rare intervals the two festivals came together.

Changes in Calendar. The old Roman year, like the Jewish year, began in March, when the sun entered the constellation Aries. When the calendar was reformed under Julius Caesar, the year was made to begin on the first day of January. After the adoption of Christianity in Europe, the date of the beginning of the year was changed to March in most countries, so that Easter became recognized as a New Year's day. The reform of the calendar by Pope Gregory, in 1582, again changed the day on which the year began, although in England it continued to begin on the 25th of March until the adoption of the "new style" there in 1752.

Christianity found Spring festivals already in vogue in heathen Europe,

and to these oldtime festivals many of the customs and superstitious rites still connected with Easter are clearly traceable. The name Easter, given to the day by the Teutonic nations—the Roman nations have retained the old Hebrew name, pascha, under modified forms, as the Jour de Paques, of the French—is derived by Bede from Eostur, or Ostara, the name of an old Anglo-Saxon goddess, in whose honor a Spring festival was celebrated. Grimm was unable to find any mention of a deity of this name among the ancient Germans, but from the fact that the month of April still bears the name osternoth, he did not doubt that such a goddess, probably "the divinity of the radiant dawn," had been known among them. The old Easter festival was clearly of a solar character, a celebration in honor of the birth or the rejuvenation of the sun of the new year. This is made evident, aside from the known character of similar festivals in other parts of the world, by many of the observances which it bequeathed to Easter. Thus it was formerly a custom all through the north of Germany, on the night of Easter Sunday or the third night following, to kindle bonfires on all the heights, affording a magnificent spectacle, when these fires were to be seen here and there over miles of country. This custom had become simply a mode of merry-making, but it is held with plausibility that originally the bonfire was symbolic of the new fire that was to warm the earth and quicken it into renewed life after the cold embrace of winter.

## Ancient Popular Belief.

Another indication of the ancient solar character of this festival is an old popular belief, said to survive still in Brandenburg and Saxony, that the sun at the moment of rising on the morning of Easter gives three joyous leaps, that he dances with youthful joy. This curious belief was not confined to Germany. In the middle districts of Ireland, according to Brand, it was customary, after spending Easter eve in merry-making and carousing—watching the pot boil, the contents of which were to break the long

Egg Part of Passover Feast.

Easter eggs can hardly be said strictly to have been adopted from heathendom, for they formed an essential part of the Feast of the Passover. Indeed, the association of eggs with the festival of the New Year is so general that it may almost be said to be universal. The Chinese, the Hindus, the Persians, the Egyptians—all used eggs, and what is more remarkable, colored eggs. In one way or another, in connection with their sun-god festivals, symbolism lies, probably, at the bottom of this practice. The principle omnia ex ova was recognized long before Huxley pronounced it as a scientific dictum. Away back in mythological times the egg had come to be a symbol of the beginning of life. In both the Hindu and the Greek mythologies the egg—the great mundane egg—was the primeval source of all things. It contained the germ of all things yet to be, "the earth, the sky, the continents and seas, rivers, mountains, towns and men, and all their deeds." In fact, it was the universe; for what is this vast globular world but a gigantic egg? And children, peeping through show windows at Easter time may still see this world-egg in miniature, and may catch glimpses of the castles and landscapes, the gardens and fairs, and other wonders that it holds.

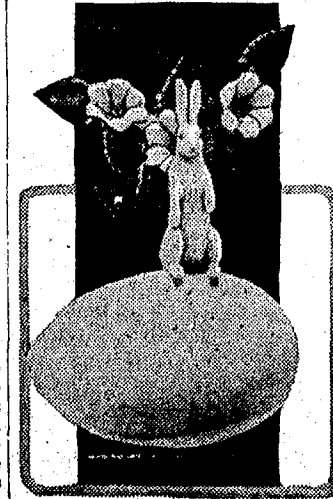
There are several versions of the connection of the hare with Easter, but the hare custom is exclusively pagan in origin and has nothing to do with the Christian festival. In the East, the hare played a part in the mythical life and adventures of Buddha. In fact, several hare myths come out of India, the great reservoir of religious symbolism.

DOUBT NO LONGER.

In his best life I see the path, and in his death the price, And in his resurrection proof supreme Of immortality.

—Edward Young

## The Easter Hare



There are several versions of the connection of the hare with Easter, but the hare custom is exclusively pagan in origin and has nothing to do with the Christian festival. In the East, the hare played a part in the mythical life and adventures of Buddha. In fact, several hare myths come out of India, the great reservoir of religious symbolism.

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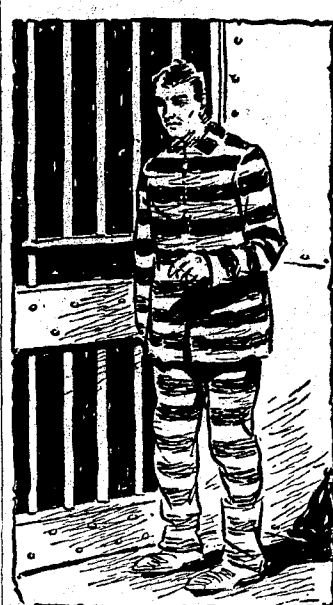
—Edward Young

## MAN CLEARS SELF AFTER EIGHT YEARS

In Another Place on Day of Robbery for Which He Was Convicted.

Canon City, Colo.—James E. Edwards, for nearly eight years an inmate of the state penitentiary here, after conviction as a bank robber, is about to establish his innocence. With the aid of C. W. Shores, formerly head of the Denver and Rio Grande secret service, and now a rancher at Grand Junction, Edwards has been able to prove that he was in Salt Lake City, Utah, on the day of the robbery, pawnning some personal jewelry. The police of Salt Lake City and the pawnbroker, as well as his pawn ticket, clinch this evidence.

Edwards, according to his own admission, had been in Glenwood Springs, the town in which the bank robbery occurred, taking treatment for rheumatism, and there met the men who committed the crime. He asserts he had no knowledge of their plot and



An Inmate of the Penitentiary.

knew nothing of the deed until long after it had occurred. He was convicted with John H. Wilson, who has little to say about the robbery except that he also is innocent.

The robbery of the Citizens' National bank at Glenwood Springs was one of the boldest in the criminal annals of Colorado. Two men hired horses at a livery stable in the town and rode to the bank, tying the horses in an alley. They entered, covered Vice President Drach and Bookkeeper T. H. Davis with revolvers and proceeded to gather in \$10,000 in cash.

At the trial Edwards was identified as one of the robbers. He made a personal plea in his own behalf, declaring that the men who identified him as a bank robber might be honest in their statement, but he said, "I am not the man they take me for." It took him eight years to prove this assertion. Edwards and Wilson were sentenced to from 20 to 30 years for the crime.

## IS TOO CONSERVATIVE, SAYS LUCKLESS HUBBY

Cleveland.—Waldo Hertley protests there's such a thing as being too darned conservative. When Mrs. Hertley tried to save by mending her spouse's pajamas instead of buying new ones she used the cover off an old sofa pillow.

It was hand-embroidered! Now every morning there's a cute design, all full of daisies and forget-me-nots on Waldo's back.

## CUTS OFF HIS FATHER'S ARM

Lad. Wields Axe to Free Parent Whose Hand Was Caught in Machine.

West Plains, Mo.—The eighteen-year-old son of Mike Stein of this town, chopped off his father's arm with an ax, after the latter had been caught in a corn shredder. Stein's hand and arm were twisted in the cogs so that it was impossible to free him. The son, believing that his father would freeze before a physician arrived, finally decided to use the ax. Stein is the father of ten children.

## PREFERS BEEF TO WAR MEDAL

Canadian Fighter, Lined Up to Receive Decoration, Made Quick Decision.

Columbus, O.—"Bully beef or a medal?" A smile spread over the face of Private W. L. Kelly, one of the Canadian fighters at the Athletic club. "It was this way," he said. "A bunch of us had just come back from the trenches and were lined up to be decorated with a medal for bravery, when a mess sergeant yelled, 'bully beef or a medal?'"

"The thought suddenly occurred to me that I was hungry and I could not eat the medal, so I stepped out of line and took bully beef."

Hell Preferred to Earth. Birmingham, Ala.—After dressing himself in his best clothes J. I. Daves, an electrician, committed suicide. He left a note to his brother saying he expected to find better living conditions in hell. "If this is the life let me stay in hell always," he wrote.

Cow Eats Way Out. York, Pa.—Buried under a haystack for a month, a cow, owned by Miles Duffy, ate her way to liberty. She had been given up as lost. A calf reappeared with her.

## BAKED POTATO

BIG, white, mealy—with butter melting on it. Um-m-m! And you like it because it is baked. Same with Lucky Strike Cigarette

## IT'S TOASTED

Cooking makes things delicious—toasting the tobacco has made the Lucky Strike Cigarette famous.



Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.

## COUNT UP ONE FOR PATRICK

Unwelcome Guest at Feast at Least Had Satisfaction of Getting a Good "Shot" Home.

Pat always had the latest news of the surrounding country and was consequently a welcome daily visitor at the parochial house. On one occasion when his reverence was giving a dinner to some friends he requested Pat not to call, but the latter, on account of the refreshments usually afforded him, turned up along with the visitors. His reverence passed the word to his friends and Pat was left sitting unnoticed in a corner of the room during the meal. It was only when the dinner had been nearly finished that his reverence addressed the unwelcome guest:

"Any news today, Pat?" he asked. "Naw," sulked Pat, "except Dan Foley's sow has thirteen pigs an' she has only twelve tents."

"Thirteen pigs and only twelve tents," exclaimed his reverence. "How will the odd pig get on, then?"

"Dunno," stammered Pat; "s'pose it'll have to take a back seat an' watch the others gorgin' themselves, same as I'm doin'."

A New Way to Shave. Tender skins twice a day without irritation by using Cuticura Soap the "Cuticura Way." No stinky mug, germs, waste of time or money. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50—Adv.

Too Valuable. "That prima donna didn't seem at all angry."

"How did you get that impression?" Inquired the weary manager?

"She never once raised her voice."

"Well, you don't think she'd waste a high note on me, do you?"

Forced to Falsehood. "I like a truthful man."

"And yet," commented Miss Cayenne, "you wouldn't have any esteem for a dentist who owned up at the outset that he was going to hurt you terribly."

Marital Amenities. He—"I want a home, and you must take a flat." She—"Oh, no; I did that when I married you."

Happiness has been described in so many ways that a number of people have doubts of its existence.

## Those Technical Motor Terms.

"Charley is simply wonderful," exclaimed young Mrs. Torkles. "I never dreamed that anyone could run a motorcar the way he can."

"What has happened?"

"We took a ride yesterday and went along beautifully in spite of the fact that he had forgotten some of the machinery."

"Running without machinery?"

"Yes. We had gone at least eleven miles before Charley discovered that his engine was missing."

## Portable Distillery.

A French perfume-manufacturing company has constructed a portable distillery to obtain extracts from either wild or cultivated flowers in the regions in which they grow.

## Breaking Even.

Mrs. Newlywed—"I might have done better." Newlywed—"And I must suffer for your lack of prudence."

## What Do You Know About CATTLE?

Do You Want to Know the CATTLE BUSINESS? Drop in a post card today and get FREE INFORMATION about the new book, "CATTLE, BREEDS AND OWNERS" about all breeds of cattle on earth.

DR. DAVID ROBERTS VETERINARY CO., 108, WAREHOSE, WIL.

## Try Kondon's to clear your head

(at no cost to you)

50,000,000 have used this 25-year-old remedy. For chronic catarrh, sore nose, cough, cold, sneezing, nose-bleed, etc. Write for complimentary case, or buy tube at druggists. It will benefit you four times more than if cost, or we pay money back. For trial can free write to KONDON MED. CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

## KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 12-1016.

## Easy to figure the Profits

Where in Western Canada you can buy at from \$15 to \$30 per acre good farm land that will raise 20 to 40 bushels to the acre of 32 wheat—No easy to figure the profits. Many Western Canadian farmers (scores of them from the U. S.) have paid for their land from a single crop. Such an opportunity for 100% profit on labor and investment is worth investigation.

Canada extends to you a hearty invitation to settle on her

## Free Homestead Lands of 160 Acres Each

or secure some of the low priced lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Think what you can make with wheat at \$2 a bushel and land so easy to get. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed farming and cattle raising.

The climate is healthful and agreeable; railway facilities excellent; good schools and churches convenient. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Supt. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

M. V. MacINNIS 176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich. Canadian Government Agent



## It Cost the Average Family Less Than 10c Per Week for Packer's Profit in 1917.

The Meat Bill is one of the  
large items in the family  
budget

but

less than 10 cents per week of it  
goes to the packer in profits.

In converting live stock into  
meat and getting it into the hands of  
the retail dealer, the packer performs  
a complex and essential service with  
the maximum of efficiency.

The above statement is based on  
Swift & Company's 1917 figures  
and Federal Census data:

Swift & Company's total output (Meat and by-products)	5,570,000,000 Pounds
Swift & Company's total Profit	\$34,650,000.00
Profit per pound	\$.0062
U. S. Meat Consumption	170 pounds per person per year
170 pounds at \$.0062	\$1.05 per person per year
The average family 4 1/2 persons	\$4.72 per family per year

1918 year book of interesting and  
instructive facts sent on request.  
Address Swift & Company,  
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois



Swift & Company  
U. S. A.

## Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for  
greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are avail-  
able to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the  
efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.  
Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available  
Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power  
is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seed-  
ing operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the  
Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs  
the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can  
effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United  
States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. When-  
ever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied,  
we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve  
the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than April 5th. Wages to com-  
petent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.  
Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good  
board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian  
boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to:  
**U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**  
DETROIT, MICH.; GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.; SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH.;  
PORT HURON, MICH.

Not So Bad.  
"Target No. 3 was the one to shoot  
at and you hit target No. 7," said the  
captain.  
"Yes, sir," replied the cross-eyed pri-  
vate.  
"Didn't you look where you were  
shooting?"  
"No, sir. I shot where I was looking."

How's This?  
We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh  
that cannot be cured by HALL'S  
CATARRH MEDICINE. It is taken  
internally and acts through the blood  
on the mucous surfaces of the system.  
Sold by druggists for over forty years.  
Price 50c. Postpaid free.  
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

An honest man thinks that a pretty  
woman is also a noble work.

The class evolved from the monkey's  
lick.

Real Quick Work.  
An Irishman, who was a bricklayer,  
and who was evicted, went to America  
to find work. When he was passing  
through New York he saw some brick-  
layers at work, and stood looking at  
them. While he was standing the fore-  
man came over and said to him:  
"Well, Pat, are you able to build  
houses as quick as this in Dublin?"  
The man was living in it in the evening.  
"Well, begorra," said Pat, "that's  
nothing. In Dublin we start a house in  
the morning, and the landlord is evic-  
ting the tenant from it in the evening."

Opposite Treatment.  
"What is the best way of freezing  
a rival out?"  
"By hot competition."

Error is its own refutation.

YOU NEED NOT SUFFER WITH  
BACKACHE AND RHEUMATISM

For centuries GOLD-MEDAL Haarlem  
Oil has been a standard household remedy  
for kidney, liver, bladder and stomach  
trouble, and all diseases connected with  
the urinary organs. The kidneys and  
bladder are the most important organs of  
the body. They are the filters, the puri-  
fiers of your blood. If the poisons which  
enter your system through the blood and  
stomach are not entirely thrown out by  
the kidneys and bladder you are doomed.  
Weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness,  
dependency, backache, stomach trouble,  
headache, pain in loins and lower abdo-  
men, gait-stomach, gravel, difficulty when  
urinating, cloudy and bloody urine, rheu-  
matism, sciatica, lumbago, all warn you  
to look after your kidneys and bladder.  
GOLD-MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules are  
what you need.  
They are not a "patent medicine" nor  
a "new discovery." For 200 years they

have been a standard household remedy.  
They are the pure, original imported  
Haarlem Oil your great-grandmother  
used, and are perfectly harmless. The  
healing, soothing oil soaks into the cells  
and lining of the kidneys and through  
the bladder, driving out the poisonous  
germs. Now life, fresh strength and  
health will come as you continue this  
treatment. When completely restored to  
your usual vigor, continue taking a cap-  
sule or two each day. They will keep  
you in condition and prevent a return of  
the disease.  
Do not delay a minute. Delays are  
especially dangerous in kidney and blad-  
der trouble. All reliable druggists sell  
GOLD-MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules.  
They will refund the money if not as re-  
sulted. In three cases, sealed packages.  
Ask for the original imported GOLD  
MEDAL. Accept no substitutes.

## DAIRY SITUATION NOT HOPELESS ONE

Investigator Finds Reports of Ex-  
tensive Slaughtering Are  
Overdrawn.

MANY CENTERS BUY COWS

Huron and Osceola Counties Among  
Those in Market—U. S. Must  
Supply After-War De-  
mand.

By J. A. WALDRON,  
Field Agent in Dairying, Michigan Ag-  
ricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—What is the  
situation in the dairy industry in  
Michigan? In these days of kaleido-  
scopic changes it is difficult to at-  
tempt predictions of the future. A  
calm review of conditions as they  
seem to be, however, furnishes us  
with food for thought.

An opportunity has been afforded  
the writer during the past winter to  
become familiar with conditions in  
several parts of the state, and while  
much has been said and written about  
the great numbers of dairy cows being  
slaughtered, I feel that these re-  
ports are not universally true and  
that accounts of this killing have been  
very much overdrawn. In the south-  
western part of the state, especially  
in parts of Berrien county, where the  
milk produced is marketed largely in  
Chicago, and in the districts close by  
Detroit, dairy cows have been killed  
off. These, however, have for the  
greater part been cows that under  
test failed to show a profit. I have in  
mind, as an illustration, a certain  
cow-testing association of about 350  
cows, of which 36 were sold in the  
month of December. This was a move  
in the direction of efficiency, for 30  
of these animals showed by their records  
that it was costing more to feed them  
than they were producing. This has  
undoubtedly been the case in many  
other instances where cows have been  
disposed of.

The marked increase in feed prices,  
as much as 150 to 200 per cent on some  
things, and the tardy increase in the  
price of dairy products has, however,  
caused the standard up to which a  
dairy cow must measure to return a  
profit to be raised. Since maximum  
prices on bran and middlings have  
been established there has been a ten-  
dency toward a lowering in the prices  
of these products and the stabilizing of  
prices of other feeds. The prices of  
dairy products have increased since  
early fall and good cows are as a rule  
giving fair returns. These profits in  
many cases are as good as usual—that  
is, where the cows are good cows, fed  
rationally balanced to meet their needs  
and are given good care.

There are communities in Michigan,  
in fact, where there is and has been  
all the winter a demand for dairy  
cows. These localities, included in  
which are Huron, Osceola and a num-  
ber of other Michigan counties, are in  
general farther from the large cities  
where land is just a trifle cheaper  
than the communities mentioned  
above. In one or two instances con-  
denseries have been established in  
these communities, offering thus a  
better market for dairy products than  
existed in these centers before.

These facts, and the world shortage  
of dairy cows, the increasing demand  
for dairy products for export pur-  
poses and the importance of milk and  
butter in the feeding of young children  
should encourage the dairyman to be  
hopeful for the future, and should  
make him feel the value of the ser-  
vice he is rendering in the present  
emergency. The situation is such as  
should cause men who are in the  
dairy business to hesitate before send-  
ing any of their good cows to the block.

More so than ever before, the keen  
dairyman will also realize that there  
is a great difference between dairy  
cows, and that this difference can be  
capitalized. Of the 22,000,000 cows  
in the United States, probably 4,000,000  
have not been producing a profit over  
the cost of their feed. A great waste  
of feed is one of the results of this.  
These slackers should be eliminated  
so that the feed consumed by them  
may be fed to cows that will give good  
returns for it. Consequently the milk  
sealers and the Babcock test have  
never had a more important or useful  
part to play in the dairy herd than at  
the present time. We would not at-  
tempt to place a value on a fast horse  
without first trying him out on a mil-  
king machine, a stop-watch on him, or  
how should we milk and give good  
feed to cows without determining  
whether or not they are producing a  
profit. The milk seals and tester are  
the dairyman's stop-watch.

Purebred stock also should hold an  
increasingly important place in the

The Girl With the Hoe.  
The example of the value of college  
girls in real farm work which was given  
last season by Vassar students is  
likely to prove catching. This year it  
will be even more evident that the  
United States needs to coax all the  
food out of the ground that it is pos-  
sible to obtain.

At Wellesley, for example, Dr. Mar-  
garet Clay Ferguson, head of the  
botany department, has proclaimed  
the doctrine that "the knitting needles  
must give way to the hoe." So it is  
likely to be with young women there  
and elsewhere. The necessity which  
put many young British women into  
farm work is pretty certain to be felt  
here. The present thought at Wel-  
lesley is to request the trustees to turn  
college land over to willing students  
when planting time comes around.

To Train Rural Teachers.  
Special courses devised to school  
rural teachers in the things that are  
becoming of particularly vital impor-  
tance in country communities today—  
such as club work for boys and girls  
and the changing of the old-type

herds of today. The sire is half the  
herd and should always be considered  
as such.

The cure given a dairy cow may also  
determine whether she is to be a profit  
or loss. She should be looked upon  
and treated as a highly efficient ser-  
vant and should be given good condi-  
tions under which to work. This does  
not mean expensive equipment—it  
means comfortable, dry and clean  
quarters during the winter, kind treat-  
ment at all times and a dark retreat  
from the heat and flies during the  
summer.

A liberal supply of a properly pro-  
portioned ration is also necessary for  
maximum production. An underfed  
soldier makes a poor fighting man—  
an underfed dairy cow a poor produc-  
er. It may be necessary for the dairy-  
man to feed rations composed quite  
largely of good roughage, supplement-  
ed by reasonable amounts of by-prod-  
uct feeds, in the future, consequently  
every dairyman should plan to produce  
a good supply of these rough feeds for  
the coming winter.

The Michigan farmer should not  
permit himself to be tempted into  
changing his system of farming too  
radically. To maintain the fertility of  
his soil, to conserve the proper bal-  
ance in labor, to insure against an  
overproduction of perishable products  
and to make good use of the rough  
feed which must of necessity be pro-  
duced on every farm, it continues to  
be better and much safer to follow  
the old program on every farm where  
this program has been found to be  
practical and successful, and to work  
this old program just a little harder,  
rather than to take up a new one.

The old slogan, "Breed, Feed and  
Test," have never been more appropri-  
ate than under present conditions.

## BRING IN MUCH CORN

State Buys 150,000 Bushels to Help  
Relieve Seed Corn Shortage  
in Michigan.

East Lansing, Mich.—Michigan's  
shortage of 250,000 bushels of seed  
corn—a shortage found to exist by  
field men of the college in almost  
every part of the state—is being par-  
tially relieved by the importation of  
150,000 bushels from New York, Penn-  
sylvania, New Jersey and South Da-  
kota. The purchase of this corn,  
which has been inspected and tested  
and bought under a guarantee, was ar-  
ranged by the governor's seed corn  
committee, and it will be disposed of  
at cost (\$5 a bushel).

Now that much of the corn has ar-  
rived the problem of how best to dis-  
tribute it is one that is bothering the  
committee, for the likelihood is that  
the supply will be unequal to the de-  
mand. As far as possible, however, the  
corn will be shipped into counties  
where the shortage is most severe, and  
will be distributed there to farmers on  
the basis of acreage, adaptability and  
need.

Farmers who have been unable to  
secure seed corn are urged to get in  
touch with county agricultural agents  
in their district to learn where a sup-  
ply of this corn can be obtained.

## SHORTAGE OF SEED COMING

Advises Received by M. A. C. Indicate  
Gardeners Should Prepare to Be-  
come Own Seed Growers.

East Lansing, Mich.—Where possi-  
ble this season Michigan gardeners  
should prepare to grow enough seed  
for their 1919 plantings. This is the  
word being given out by M. A. C. on  
the strength of current reports that  
the practical failure of the California  
vegetable seed crop this spring prom-  
ises to cause a shortage a year hence.  
If the best types of beets, carrots,  
parsnips and turnips, such as have  
wintered well and have unhurt  
seeds, are set out in the early spring,  
even a single plant will produce seed  
for half a dozen war gardens.

When pulling the first radish crop  
in June transplant a few of the best  
roots for seed production. A couple  
of the best type plants of lettuce, sub-  
limis, peas, beans, etc., the like should  
be left standing for seed production.  
The commercial aspect of vegetable  
seed production is taken up in a bul-  
letin about to be distributed by the  
horticultural department of the Mich-  
igan Agricultural college.

## Farmers Get Cattle Manure.

Through an arrangement made  
with the college with Camp Custer,  
the manure produced in camp, amounting  
to something like six carloads a day,  
is being distributed to farmers at \$3  
for a carload of about 30 tons. When  
the project was first undertaken local  
freight rates were charged, but these  
have since been changed to through  
rates, much cheapening the cost of  
the manure to purchasers. The coun-  
ties affected by the changed rates are:  
Newago, Muskegon, Ottawa, Kent, Al-  
legan, Barry, Van Buren, Calhoun,  
Berrien and Cass. Individuals inter-  
ested in this project can secure infor-  
mation from Ezra Levin, department  
of botany, East Lansing.

Question of Drainage.  
Labor and seed must not be wasted  
this year on fields or parts of fields too  
wet for profitable crop production. We  
need the right drain for the right  
place. The present emergency has  
made judicious land drainage more  
profitable than ever before, but all  
proposed projects must be very care-  
fully considered before entering upon  
them.

Only Want Square Deal.  
During this war, the greatest ever  
waged in the cause of civilization, the  
farmers of America must and will do  
their duty. All they ask is a square  
deal.

Russia is said to have the greatest  
timber resources of any country in  
the world.

## HAD NOT DEPARTED ALONE

Fake Telephone Call May Have Scared  
Tramp, But He Had Retained  
His Business Faculties.

Representative Edward W. Saunders  
of Virginia remarked at a social gath-  
ing that foxy schemes do not always  
pan out the expected results, and told  
this story as an illustration:

"Two men were having a gabfest  
over a lunch table recently when one  
told of an experience he had just had  
with a tramp.

"He came to my house," said the  
man, "impudently banged on the kit-  
chen door, walked in and demanded  
something to eat. Right then I de-  
cided to give him the scare of his life.  
Going into the next room, I liberated  
an alarm clock and pretended to call  
up the police station, and told them  
over the imaginary wire to hurry down  
to my house and arrest a hobo. When  
I returned to the kitchen the tramp  
was gone."

"I see," laughingly interjected the  
other. The fake telephone started him."

"Yes," returned the first, a little sad-  
ly, he was gone with two of my coats,  
one hat and enough silverware that  
was lying around loose to start a quick-  
lunch restaurant."—Philadelphia Eve-  
ning Telegraph.

## NEVER FAILS TO END MISERY OF PILES

Stops Itching at Once.

"Hundreds of people in this vicinity,"  
says Peterson, "know of the mighty heal-  
ing power of PETERSON'S OINTMENT  
in eczema, salt rheum, old sores, itching  
skin, ulcers, pimples and all diseases of the  
skin. They know it cures these ailments—  
that it is guaranteed to cure them."  
Now I want to say to every sufferer from  
piles, either blind, bleeding or itching, that  
I will guarantee that a 30 cent box of  
PETERSON'S OINTMENT will rid you of  
piles or your druggist will return your  
money.

"For years I suffered terribly with it-  
ching and bleeding piles. I tried everything  
and despaired of ever getting rid of them.  
It gave me great pleasure to state that  
Peterson's Ointment entirely cured me,  
and I sincerely recommend it to all suf-  
ferers."—Yours truly, David A. Seymour,  
Supt. of Parks, Buffalo, N. Y. Adv.

## "Tricks in All Trades"

Every barnstorming company has as  
not the least important part of its  
equipment a pair of hollowed coconut  
shells, which, in the hands of the stage  
mechanic, sounds more like a horse  
than a horse itself. Now that most of  
our melodrama comes to us through  
the motion pictures, along comes an  
imitator of clattering hoofs to be at-  
tached to a stationary organ. It is  
operated from a keyboard by a lever  
or button. With the aid of a swell  
box the sound can be made to swell  
or diminish.

The device consists of six cups, the  
upper three of which are secured to  
the bellows and the lower three of  
which are mounted on a solid base.  
To operate them, the organ player  
presses a key which causes the first  
cup to come down with a thud, fol-  
lowed in quick succession by the other  
two cups. There is no break in the  
action. The cups are made of maple.  
The inventor is Harold A. Valkenburg  
of Oakland, Cal.—Popular Science  
Monthly.

## GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

has been a household remedy all over  
the civilized world for more than half  
a century for constipation, intestinal  
troubles, torpid liver and the generally  
depressed feeling that accompanies  
such disorders. It is a most valuable  
remedy for indigestion or nervous dys-  
pepsia and liver trouble, bringing on  
headache, coming up of food, palpita-  
tion of heart and many other symp-  
toms. A few doses of August Flower  
will immediately relieve you. It is a  
gentle laxative. Ask your druggist.  
Sold in all civilized countries.—Adv.

## Equal to the Emergency.

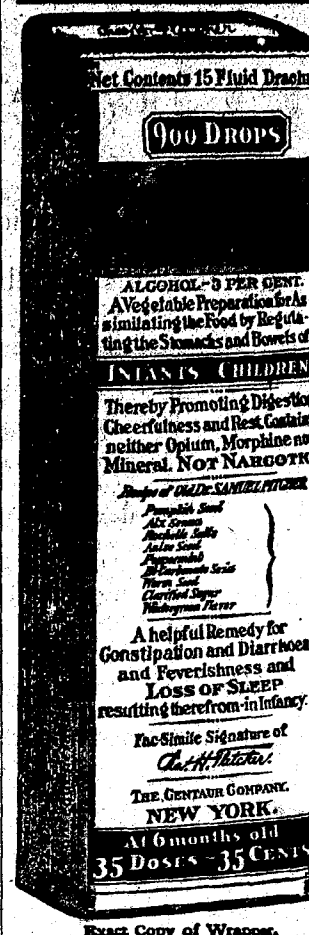
Mrs. Plathurst—I met Mrs. Gabb at  
the funeral today.  
Mr. Plathurst—Oh, that talkative  
woman?  
"Yes," and she kept talking all the  
time, and I was afraid she would dis-  
turb the service."  
"Why didn't you tell her to keep  
still?"  
"I did, but she said it wasn't her  
funeral."

## Between Girls.

Betty Wilde—Jack declares he'll go  
crazy if I don't marry him.  
Her Friend—Ah! Then there's no  
hope for him either way.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the  
original little liver pills put up 40 years  
ago. They regulate liver and bowels.

All mistakes are stepping stones,  
some lead up and others down.



# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

## Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of J. C. H. Fletcher

In  
Use  
For Over  
Thirty Years  
CASTORIA

## Too Much Appetite

may be as dangerous as too little

When the skin is sallow or yellow, the eyes dull, the  
head aches or sleep is broken and unrefreshing, the  
back aches, or there is a pain under the right shoulder  
blade—it is an indication that the body is being pois-  
oned by poorly digested and imperfectly eliminated  
food-waste. It is a wise thing to take

# BEECHAM'S PILLS

to relieve these symptoms  
by helping to remove the causes

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box.  
Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

## Chivalry of the Seas.

Naval history is full of instances  
of the sailor's chivalric humanity.  
When the captured Chesapeake was  
taken to Halifax, her Captain Law-  
rence ("don't give up the ship") was  
buried with military honors by those  
against whom he had fought. Park  
Benjamin writes in the New York In-  
dependent. A British officer who was  
one of his pallbearers later command-  
ed the Boxer in her fight with our  
Enterprise. Mortally wounded, he  
sent his sword to the dying American  
captain, who died with it in his hands.  
And then all the people of Portland,  
Me., reverently received both bodies  
and buried them with equal honors,  
side by side.

## Soldiers to Learn Cooking.

Mrs. William Jay, Mrs. Iselin, Mrs.  
Alfred Anson and Mrs. C. B. Mitchell  
of New York city announce that there  
is a great need for cooks for the navy  
and army and that a fund of \$60,000 is  
necessary. The New York cooking  
school, of which these women are offi-  
cers, aims to teach the men how to  
cook with variety, cleanliness and  
thrift.

## Allen's Foot-Ease for the Troops.

Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's  
Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, for use  
among the troops. Shaken into the shoes and  
sprinkled in the foot-baths, Allen's Foot-Ease  
gives rest and comfort, and makes walking a  
delight. Sold every where 25c. Try it today. Adv.

## To Common.

"Have you a site yet for your new  
house?"  
"Oh, yes."  
"Where is it?"  
"In my mind's eye."

Little fleas have smaller fleas to bite  
them. Don't imagine you have all  
the trouble there is.

## ABSORBINE STOPS LAMENESS

from a Bone Spavin, Ring Bone,  
Splint, Curb, Side Bone, or similar  
troubles and gets horse going sound.  
It acts mildly but quickly and good re-  
sults are lasting. Does not blister or  
remove the hair and horse can be  
worked. Page 17 in pamphlet with  
each bottle tells how. \$2.50 a bottle  
delivered. Horse Book 9 R free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment  
for marking, reduces Painful Swellings, En-  
larged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins,  
heals Sores, Allays Pain. Will tell you  
more if you write. \$1.25 a bottle at dealers  
or delivered. Liberal trial bottle for 10c stamps.  
W. F. YOUNG, P. O. F., 210 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

## PATENTS

What She Would Take.  
At an Irish assize a deal old lady,  
who had brought an action for dam-  
ages against her neighbor, was being  
examined, when the judge suggested  
a compromise, and instructed counsel  
to ask what she would take to settle  
the matter.

"His lordship wants to know what  
you will take?" asked the learned coun-  
sel, bawling as loud as he could in the  
old lady's ear.

"I thank his lordship kindly," an-  
swered the dame; "and if it's no incon-  
venience to him, I'll take a little whis-  
ky and water."

## Very Plain.

"What interest is your dog taking  
in that cat chase?"  
"I should judge, sir, one purr scent."

Mixed flour containing less than 50  
per cent of wheat flour may be sold  
without accompanying substitutes.

If a man dresses well and hasn't  
very much sense, he is usually dubbed  
as a "dandy" man by others.

# 22 Million Families in the United States

## 4 CUPS OF WHEAT FLOUR TO THE POUND

If each family used 4 cups of flour less per week, the saving  
would be 22 million pounds or 112,244 barrels every week.

The greatest help housekeepers can give to win the war is to  
make this saving and it can be done by using this recipe in  
place of white flour bread.

## Corn Meal Biscuits

1 cup scalded milk  
1 cup corn meal  
2 tablespoons shortening

1 teaspoon salt  
1 cup white flour  
4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder

Sift 1/2 cup of the measured flour for board. Pour milk over corn meal, add shortening and salt. When  
cold, add sifted flour and baking powder. Roll out lightly on floured board. Cut with biscuit cutter and  
bake in greased pan fifteen to twenty minutes.

Our new Red, White and Blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes," containing many other  
recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods, mailed free—address

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Dept. W, 135 William Street, New York

## FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR



# Easter Greetings

Some of the early smart styles in Easter coats have arrived for your early inspection—Saturday. In connection some of the early models and the latest creations in millinery have just arrived.

## Silk Camisoles

that will add daintiness to the Easter blouse, with lacey tops, in various styles, 87c, \$1.25, up to \$2.00.

Also a showing of Georgette Crepe Waists in delicate shades and various sizes, from \$3.85 to \$5.50.

## Ladies' Shoes for Easter

Fine kid lace boots in field mouse, gray and military tan, have long, graceful vamps, light flexible soles, leather heels, mind you, at that, not wooden, worth \$11.00 for \$8.00. A goodly showing at \$6.50 and \$7.50, in all Nubuck. Also all wash kid tops \$5.85, worth \$8.00.

This store is catering to the masses. Have taken care of the big crowd and it's wants and can take care of yours.

## MEN

The new late styles in Caps and Hats have arrived for your inspection.

Also nobby Ties for Easter.

## SHOES

The latest in lasts and styles.

Mothers, get that Confirmation suit for the boy at FRANK'S. The price will make your heart rejoice.

The store is being decorated for the occasion. There will also be flowers and music. This should make your heart twice glad after such a long severe winter. Your presence is requested.

# Frank Dreese

The Lemon Colored store opposite the jail

Advertising Space in This Paper is a Good Buy for any Business Man

Temple Theater, Grayling, Mich., 29  
One Night Only, Friday, March

## Hal Johnson

and his Big Company in

# "OH DOCTOR"

COMEDY—MUSICAL COMEDY

20--PEOPLE--20---MOSTLY GIRLS



All Fun, Music and Pretty Girls

A Show of Youth and Beauty--20 Big Song Hits

Chorus of Beauty and Refinement

Beautiful Electrical Effects

All Special Scenery

Gorgeous Costumes

Biggest Musical Show Ever in Grayling

Prices 25, 50 and 75 Cents

War Tax 3, 5 and 8 Cents

## TOWNSHIP TICKETS.

**GRAYLING TOWNSHIP.**  
REPUBLICAN.  
Supervisor—Melvin A. Bates.  
Clerk—Clara Gilson.  
Treasurer—Marina Hanson.  
Justice of the Peace—Oscar P. Schumann.  
Highway Commissioner—Frank Freeland.  
Overseers of Highway—Dist. No. 1, Dan Hoels; Dist. No. 2, Henry Stephan.  
Member of Board of Review—Thorvald W. Hanson.  
Constables—Mike Brenner, William Miller, Christ Jensen and Emil Niederer.  
Township committee—M. A. Bates, John J. Niederer and Marina Hanson.  
**DEMOCRAT.**  
Supervisor—George W. McCullough.  
Clerk—Harry Hill.  
Treasurer—Justice of the Peace—Al Roberts.  
Highway Commissioner—Peter F. Jorgenson.  
Member of Board of Review—Joseph Burton.  
Overseer of Highways No. 1—Rasmus Rasmussen.  
Overseer of Highways No. 2—Henry Feldhauser.  
Constables—Julius Nelson, Edward Stillwell, Christ Hemmingson, Johannes Rasmussen.  
Township committee—Frank Sales, Harry Hill and Charles O. McCullough.

**BEAVER CREEK TOWNSHIP.**  
REPUBLICAN.  
Supervisor—John R. Skingley.  
Clerk—Arthur Kile.  
Treasurer—Ralph Hanna.  
Highway Com.—A. Ellis.  
Justice—full term—George Annis.  
Justice, vacancy—L. B. Merrill.  
Board of Review—John Love.  
Overseers of Highways—Homer G. Benedict, 25-4; John Love, 25-3.

**CITIZENS.**  
Supervisor—Frank E. Love.  
Clerk—Charles Shotts.  
Treasurer—David Raymond.  
Highway Commissioner—Hans Christenson.  
Justice of the Peace, Full Term—Andrew Mortenson, Vacancy—William Michler.  
Board of Review—Alonso D. Kile.  
Overseers of Highways—25-3, William Kile; 25-4, John Moon.

**FREDERIC TOWNSHIP.**  
REPUBLICAN.  
Supervisor—Charles Craven.  
Clerk—Edward V. Barber.  
Treasurer—Geo. Burkhart.  
Com. of Highway—Albert Lewis.  
Justice 1 yr.—James A. Kalahar.  
Justice 3 yrs.—Harry Higgins.  
Justice full term—Board of Review—B. Peter Johnson.  
Overseer of Highway—James Pratt.  
Constables—Walter Wheeler, John Armstrong and David Pratt.

**CITIZENS TICKET.**  
Supervisor—Floyd Goshorn.  
Clerk—Albert Lewis.  
Treasurer—Bernard J. Callahan.  
Commissioner of Highways—George Horton.  
Justice, 1 yr.—Norman Fisher.  
Justice 3 yrs.—James A. Leighton.  
Justice full term—Henry Smith.  
Board of Review—George Martin.  
Overseer of Highways—J. C. Wells.  
Constables—Harry Horton, Wilbur Cochran, John W. Burke and Frank McGuire.

**MAPLE FOREST.**  
UNION TICKET.  
Supervisor—Edwin S. Chalker.  
Clerk—Albert Chardon.  
Treasurer—John Parsons.  
Com. of Highway—Conrad Howse.

**SOUTH BRANCH TOWNSHIP.**  
UNION TICKET.  
Supervisor—Oliver B. Scott.  
Clerk—John J. Floeter.  
Treasurer—Floyd Gregory.  
Highway Commissioner—Oscar Roden.

Justice, full term—Hugo Schreiber.  
Justice, to fill vacancy—William Knight.  
Member Board of Review—George J. Royce.

**LOVELL TOWNSHIP.**  
CITIZENS TICKET.  
Supervisor—James E. Kellogg.  
Clerk—Joseph J. Kennedy.  
Treasurer—T. E. Douglas.  
Highway Commissioner—Robert Papenfus.

Justice of the Peace—George Owen, full term.  
Justice of the Peace—Chas. Miller, two years.  
Justice of the Peace—Clarence Stillwagon, one year.

Board of Review, full term—C. F. Underhill.  
Board of Review, 1 year—Alfred Nephew.

Overseer of Highways, Twp. 27 N. R. 1 West—Tom Wakeley.  
Overseer of Highways, Twp. 28 N. R. 1 West—Clarence Stillwagon.  
Overseer of Highways, Twp. 28 N. R. 2 West—George F. Owen.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

Frank J. Cheney.  
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1906.  
(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.  
Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.  
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.  
Sold by all Druggists, 75 cents.  
Hall's Faculty Pills for constipation.

## Sheep For Northeastern Mich.

We have secured the co-operation of the State War Board in the distribution of sheep for the farmers of Northeastern Michigan. As you have probably noted in the papers a revolving fund of \$10,000.00 has been set aside for this purpose.

Mr. H. H. Holliday, President of the State Live Stock sanitary commission, will assist in selecting the sheep and, since the State not only has his help but also help of College men, cost of selection will be saved to the farmer or purchaser.

The general proposal will be to buy lambs; these lambs costing about \$14 to \$16 apiece. They will probably shear from seven to eight pounds which at wool prices of say 70c a lb, means an immediate return of a good portion of the purchase price. Thus the farmer or land man who has pasture which would otherwise not be utilized, has sheep next fall costing him about \$9.00 per head. Experienced sheep men believe that the prices are going even higher than at the present time.

This movement should appeal to our Northeastern Michigan people from several angles in addition to the patriotic end of producing more wool and more mutton for many of these lambs would be butchered if not used in this way. It would also seem that those of our farmers and land owners who are short of labor or long on pasture can care for some sheep to good advantage, both to themselves and to their land, for a few sheep will improve any farm.

The Development bureau claims that Northeastern Michigan is pre-eminently a live stock district and that anything which can be done to further the live stock industry will mean the better development of Northeastern Michigan along other lines as well. We therefore bespeak your interest and assistance in this movement for more sheep in your community.

The State will not carry the farmer on these sheep consequently the bankers will undoubtedly be called upon by some of their customers to loan them money. The Bureau wishes to point out that, while for the man who knows something about the game it appears very promising returns financially can be looked forward to, yet in our opinion, sheep and live stock in general are too high priced for the inexperienced man to invest in very heavily. Observe, however, this caution applies to only those of inexperience. To all others in position to care for sheep, let every encouragement be given.

Yours respectfully,  
T. F. Marston,  
Secretary and Manager.

## Try This For Sour Stomach.

Eat slowly, masticate your food thoroughly. Eat but little meat and none at all for supper. If you are still troubled with sour stomach take one of Chamberlain's Tablets before going to bed.

## Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain real estate mortgage (wherein the power of sale therein contained has become operative) executed by Thomas J. Merz, a widower, of the township of Grayling, Crawford county, Michigan, to Hubbard Head, of Roscommon county, Michigan, dated May 3, 1909, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crawford county, Michigan, on May 7, 1913, in Liber H of Mortgages on page 158, and upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date hereof the sum of \$266.31; and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law to recover the debt secured by said mortgage of any part thereof.

Therefore, under the power of sale therein contained, notice is hereby given that the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises at public vendue to the highest bidder on May 31, 1918, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the southerly front door of the court house in the village of Grayling, Michigan, (that being the place of holding the circuit court within the county in which the premises to be sold are situated), to satisfy said mortgage with interest and legal costs. Said premises are described as follows:—

The east half of the southwest quarter of Section thirty-four, Township twenty-six north, Range four west, Crawford county, Michigan.

Dated, March 7, 1918.  
Elmer Head,  
Elihu J. Miller,  
Administrators of the estate of the Mortgagee, Hubbard Head, deceased.  
Hiram R. Smith,  
Attorney for Administrators.  
Business Address—Roscommon, Mich. 3-7-13



## HOME, SWEET HOME!

THE DECORATIONS REFLECT the character of the homeholder, and determine the cheer of the home circle.

GET COMPETENT ADVICE and see no more of the inferior "FIVE-BEN WALL PAPER LINE." None is cheaper and none so fine.

DEPENDABLE MATERIALS and WORKMANSHIP

Conrad Sorenson  
Painter and Decorator

## Notices.

To the owner or owners of any and all interests in or liens upon the land herein described:

Take notice that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed or deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after return of service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in Chancery of the County in which the lands lie of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent additional thereon, and the fees of the sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description without other additional costs or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

Description of land situated in Crawford county, State of Michigan: South fractional one-half of northwest 1/4 of Sec. 6, Town 27 N, Range 1 W. Amount paid \$2.61, tax for year 1910.

South one-half of northwest fractional 1/4 of Sec. 6, Town 27 N, Range 1 W. Amount paid \$3.66, tax for year 1911.

South-east one-fourth of northwest 1/4 of Sec. 6, Town 27 N, Range 1 W. Amount paid \$2.86, tax for year 1912.

South fractional one-half of northwest 1/4 of Sec. 6, Town 27 N, Range 1 W. Amount paid \$2.33, tax for year 1913.

Amount necessary to redeem, \$39.92, to which must be added the fees of the sheriff.

Yours respectfully,  
ORLANDO F. BARNES,  
Residence South Branch township, Crawford county, Mich.

Place of Business: 137 West Main street, Lansing, Michigan.  
Dated May 11, A. D. 1917.

To James A. Besant, Grant county, Indiana.  
Grantee under the last recorded deed to said land.

To Angus Richards, grantee under United States patent.

PROOF OF FAILURE OF SERVICE.  
State of Michigan,  
County of Crawford, ss.

I do hereby certify and Return, that after making careful inquiry and search I am unable to ascertain the whereabouts or postoffice address of James A. Besant, or the whereabouts or postoffice address of his heirs, or his administrator, guardian or executor, or the whereabouts or postoffice address of Angus Richards, or his heirs, administrator, guardian or executor.

I further certify that I have received this notice on the 11th day of May 1917.

My fees, 85c.  
W. H. CODY,  
Sheriff of said County.

Grayling, February 18th, 1918.  
State of Michigan, ss.  
County of Crawford, ss.

Returned and filed with me, this 18th day of February, A. D. 1918.

FRANK SALES,  
County Clerk.

## NOTICE.

To the owner or owners of any and all interests in or liens upon the land herein described:

Take notice that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed or deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after return of service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in Chancery of the County in which the lands lie, of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent additional thereon, and the fees of the sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description without other additional cost or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

Situated in the County of Crawford, State of Michigan, to-wit:

Southeast quarter of southwest quarter of Sec. 9, Town 25 N, Range 1 W. Amount paid \$4.29, tax for year 1913.

Amount necessary to redeem \$13.58 to which must be added the fees of the sheriff.

Yours respectfully,  
ORLANDO F. BARNES,  
Residence South Branch township, Crawford county, Mich.

Place of business: Lansing, Mich., 137 West Main street.

Dated Nov. 22 A. D. 1917.  
To Edward Rausch and Marion A. Fell of Garner, Hancock Co., Iowa. Grantees under the last recorded deed, in the regular chain of title, to said land.

PROOF OF FAILURE OF SERVICE.  
State of Michigan,  
County of Crawford, ss.

I do hereby certify and return, that after making careful inquiry and search I am unable to ascertain the whereabouts or postoffice address of Edward Rausch, named in this notice, nor the whereabouts of trustees, heirs or administrator of the said Edward Rausch. Have received this notice on Feb. 1, 1918, and make this return this 2nd day of March, 1918.

My fees 85c.  
W. H. CODY,  
Sheriff of said County.

State of Michigan, ss.  
County of Crawford, ss.

Returned and filed with me, this 2nd day of March, A. D. 1918.

FRANK SALES,  
County Clerk.

3-14-5  
Round Oak heating stoves and Round Oak Chief ranges, 11-1-15 F. R. Deekrow.

Name Your Ailment.

The descriptions are so clear, plain and simple, that anyone can name their ailment by reading Dr. Humphreys' Manual, a compact little Medical Volume, that fits the case, and is mailed free for request, address Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., 156 William St., New York.

## HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OINTMENT

(COMPOUND)

For Piles or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning. One application brings relief. Price 25c., at all druggists or mailed. Send Free Sample of Ointment to

Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Company  
156 William Street, New York.

## SICK STOCK

BOOK on treatment of Horses, Cows, Sheep, Dogs and other animals, sent free. Humphreys' Homeopathic Veterinary Medicine, 156 W. N. Y.

State of Michigan.  
The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, In Chancery.  
James A. Skinner, Plaintiff,

John E. Klein, John F. Johnson, Mary W. Johnson, Frank J. Kline, Isabelle Kline, Vernon C. Hastings and wife (whose first name is unknown) Charles G. Hasler and wife (whose first name is unknown) John G. Klein, David M. Hostetler, Gabriel H. Hostetler, Defendants.

At a session of said Court held at the Court House in the City of Grayling, in said county, on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1918.

Present, Hon. Nelson Sharpe, Circuit Judge for the County of Crawford.

IN THIS CAUSE it appearing from the affidavit on file that it cannot be ascertained in what State or County, the defendants, John E. Klein, John F. Johnson, Mary W. Johnson, Frank J. Kline, Isabelle Kline, Vernon C. Hastings and wife (whose first name is unknown) Charles G. Hasler and wife (whose first name is unknown) John G. Klein, David M. Hostetler and Gabriel H. Hostetler, reside;

ON MOTION OF P. H. Walsh, attorney for the plaintiff, IT IS ORDERED that the appearance of the above named defendants be entered in this cause within three months from the date of this order, and that in case of their appearance, that they cause their answer to the Bill of Complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof served upon the attorney for the plaintiff, within fifteen days after service upon them of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; that in default thereof the said bill be taken as confessed by said defendants.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the said plaintiff cause this order to be published in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in the said county, and that such publication be commenced within twenty days from the date of this order, and that said publication continue therein once each week for six weeks in succession, or that the said plaintiff cause a copy of this order to be personally served upon each of the said defendants at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for their appearance.

NELSON SHARPE,  
Circuit Judge.

Examined, Countersigned and entered by me,  
FRANK SALES, Clerk.

P. H. WALSH, Attorney for the Plaintiff, No. 251 Houseman Building, Grand Rapids, Michigan. 2-24-18

For a Bad Cold.

Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It has stood the test of time and can be depended upon.

Drs. Insley & Keyport  
Physicians & Surgeons  
Office over Lewis' Drug Store

Office Hours—2-4, 7-8 p. m. Mornings and Sundays by appointment.  
Residence on Penitentiary Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

Bank of Grayling,  
Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.

MARIUS HANSON  
PROPRIETOR.

Interest paid on certificate of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accommodations extended that are consistent with safe and conservative banking.

MARIUS HANSON, Cashier.

C. A. Canfield, D. D. S.  
DENTIST

OFFICE:  
Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue.

Office hours: 8.30-11 a. m. 1-3.30 p. m.

Dr. J. J. Love  
DENTIST

Phone 1271

Hours: 9 to 11.30 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.  
Office: Over Simpson Co's. grocery.

Homer L. Fitch  
Attorney at Law

General practise. Real estate law. Abstracts examined. Estates settled and disposed of promptly. Office in court house, Phone 15L. Res. phone 1242.

O. Palmer  
ATTORNEY AT LAW

FIRE INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE

Office in Avalanche Building

O. P. Schumann  
Justice of the Peace

At Avalanche Office



# CRAWFORD AVALANCHE

GRAYLING, CRAWFORD COUNTY, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1918.

## ANNUAL TAX SALE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,  
County of Crawford.  
The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, in Chancery.  
In the matter of the petition of Oramel B. Fuller, Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said State, for the sale of certain lands for taxes assessed thereon.  
On reading and filing the petition of the Auditor General of the State of Michigan praying for a decree in favor of the State of Michigan, against each parcel of land therein described, for the amounts therein specified, claimed to be due for taxes, interest and charges on each such parcel of land, and that such lands be sold for the amounts so claimed by the State of Michigan.  
It is ordered that said petition be brought on for hearing and decree at the regular term of this Court, to be held at Village of Grayling in the County of Crawford, State of Michigan, on the eighth day of April, A. D. 1918, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that all persons interested in such lands or any part thereof, desiring to contest the lien claimed thereon by the State of Michigan, for such taxes, interest and charges, or any part thereof, shall appear in said Court, and file with the clerk thereof their objections thereto on or before the first day of the term of this Court above mentioned, and that in default thereof the same will be taken as confessed and a decree will be taken and entered as prayed for in said petition. And it is further ordered that in pursuance of said decree the lands described in said petition for which a public sale shall be made, will be sold for the several taxes, interest and charges thereon as determined by said decree, on the first Tuesday in May thereafter, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m., on said day, or on the day or days subsequent thereto as may be necessary to complete the sale of said lands and of each and every parcel thereof, at the office of the County Treasurer, or at such convenient place as shall be selected by him at the county seat of the County of Crawford, State of Michigan; and that the sale then and there made shall be a public sale, and each parcel described in the then and there made shall be exposed for sale for the total taxes, interest and charges, and the sale shall be made to the person paying the full amount charged against such parcel, and accepting a conveyance of the same, and taking free simple interest therein, or if no person will pay the taxes and charges and take a conveyance of less than the entire thereof, then the whole parcel shall be offered and sold. If any parcel of land cannot be sold for total amount of such taxes, interest and charges for the time being, and shall, on the succeeding day, or before the close of the sale, be reoffered, and if, on such second offering or during such sale, the same cannot be sold for the amount aforesaid, the County Treasurer shall bid off the same in the name of the State.  
Witness the Hon. Nelson Sharpe, Circuit Judge, and the seal of said Circuit Court of Crawford County this 14th day of February, A. D. 1918.  
NELSON SHARPE, Circuit Judge.  
[Seal]  
Countersigned,  
FRANK SALES, Clerk.

## STATE OF MICHIGAN.

To the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, in Chancery:  
The petition of Oramel B. Fuller, Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said State, respectively shows that the list of lands hereinafter set forth and marked "Schedule A," contains a description of all the lands in said County of Crawford upon which taxes were assessed for the years mentioned therein, and which were returned as delinquent for non-payment of taxes, and which taxes were returned to the Auditor General as delinquent for said taxes, with interest computed thereon to the time fixed for sale, and collection fee and expenses, as provided by law, extended against each of said parcels of land.  
Your petitioner further shows to the Court that said lands were returned to the Auditor General under the provisions of Act 206 of the Public Acts of 1893, as delinquent for non-payment of said taxes for said years respectively, and that said taxes remain unpaid; except that lands included in said "Schedule A," for taxes of 1890 or prior years were returned to the Auditor General as delinquent for said taxes under the provisions of the general tax laws in force prior to the passage of Act 206 of the Public Acts of 1893, and which taxes remain unpaid.  
Your petitioner further shows that in all cases where lands are included in "Schedule A" aforesaid for taxes of 1890 or of any prior year, said lands have not been sold for said taxes or have been heretofore sold for said delinquent taxes and the sale or sales so made have been set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction, or have been set aside by the Auditor General, and your petitioner further shows and avers that the taxes, interest, collection fee and expenses, as set forth in said "Schedule A," are a valid lien on the several parcels of lands described in said schedule.  
Your petitioner further shows that the said taxes on the said described lands have remained unpaid for more than one year after they were returned as delinquent; and the said taxes not having been paid, and the same being now due and remaining unpaid as above set forth, your petitioner prays a decree in favor of the State of Michigan against each parcel of said lands, for the payment of the several amounts of taxes, interest, collection fee and expenses, as computed and extended in said schedule against the several parcels of land contained therein, and in default of payment of the said several sums computed and extended against said lands, that each of said parcels of land computed and extended against said lands, as provided by law, to pay the lien aforesaid.  
And your petitioner will ever pray, etc.  
Dated February 9th, 1918.  
ORAMEL B. FULLER,  
Auditor General of the State of Michigan  
for and in behalf of said State.

## SCHEDULE A.

## TAXES OF 1909.

## FIFTH ADDITION TO PORTAGE LAKE PARK

Block.	Acres.	100ths.	Amount of Taxes	Interest	Collection Fee	Charges	Total
lots 19, 20, 21, 30, 32, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46 and 48	1.66	1.63	07	1.00	4.36		

## TAXES OF 1916

## TOWNSHIP 25 NORTH OF RANGE 1 WEST

Section.	Acres.	100ths.	Amount of Taxes	Interest	Collection Fee	Charges	Total
lot 2	3.17	3.30	06	1.00	5.29		
lot 3	3.24	3.24	04	1.00	5.21		
lot 4	11.78	3.06	47	1.00	10.31		
lot 5	7.06	1.84	28	1.00	10.18		
west part of n. e. 1/4 of sec. 12	8	48	12	02	1.00	1.62	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 12	8	7.05	1.84	28	1.00	10.18	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 13	8	8.88	3.31	36	1.00	12.65	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 14	8	11.84	4.08	36	1.00	15.39	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 15	8	6.48	1.68	26	1.00	9.42	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 16	8	6.66	1.45	22	1.00	8.28	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 17	8	2.77	0.72	11	1.00	4.23	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 18	8	8.05	2.66	32	1.00	11.60	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 19	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 20	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 21	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 22	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 23	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 24	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 25	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 26	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 27	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 28	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 29	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 30	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 31	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 32	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 33	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 34	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 35	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 36	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 37	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 38	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 39	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 40	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 41	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 42	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 43	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 44	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 45	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 46	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 47	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 48	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 49	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 50	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 51	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 52	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 53	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 54	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 55	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 56	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 57	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 58	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 59	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 60	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 61	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 62	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 63	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 64	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 65	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 66	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 67	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 68	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 69	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 70	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 71	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 72	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 73	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 74	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 75	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 76	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 77	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 78	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 79	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 80	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 81	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 82	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 83	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 84	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 85	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 86	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 87	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 88	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 89	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 90	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 91	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 92	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 93	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 94	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 95	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 96	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 97	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 98	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 99	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	
n. e. 1/4 of sec. 100	8	3.24	0.84	13	1.00	5.21	

## TOWNSHIP 26 NORTH OF RANGE 1 WEST

	Section.	Acres.	100ths.	Amount of Taxes	Interest.	Collection Fee	Charges	Total
n w 1/4 of s w 1/4	16	40	2.77	72	11	1.00	4.60	
n 1/2 of s w 1/4	26	80	7.06	1.84	28	1.00	10.18	
s w 1/4 of s w 1/4	26	40	2.82	73	11	1.00	4.66	
s 1/2 of s e 1/4	26	80	9.43	2.45	38	1.00	13.28	
That part of the n e 1/4 situated in the northwest corner, lying on the north and west side of the south branch of the Au Sable River								
s 1/2 of s 1/2 of n w 1/4	32	4	11.46	2.98	46	1.00	15.90	
s 1/2 of s 1/2 of n w 1/4	34	4	8.01	2.08	32	1.00	11.41	
TOWNSHIP 27 NORTH OF RANGE 1 WEST								
s w 1/4 of n w 1/4	1	40	4.36	1.13	17	1.00	6.66	
w 1/2 of s w 1/4	1	80	8.72	2.27	35	1.00	12.34	
w 1/2 of s w 1/4	2	80	4.36	1.13	17	1.00	6.66	
s e 1/4 of s w 1/4	2	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	
n w 1/4 of s e 1/4	2	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	
s w 1/4 of s e 1/4	3	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	
s w 1/4 of s e 1/4	7	64 12	5.47	1.42	22	1.00	8.11	
n e 1/4 of n e 1/4	8	40	4.36	1.13	17	1.00	6.66	
s e 1/2 of s w 1/4	10	80	4.36	1.13	17	1.00	6.66	
s e 1/2 of s w 1/4	11	80	4.36	1.13	17	1.00	6.66	
w 1/2 of n w 1/4	12	80	4.36	1.13	17	1.00	6.66	
s 1/2 of n w 1/4	14	80	4.36	1.13	17	1.00	6.66	
s 1/2 of s w 1/4	18	77	2.87	.53	08	1.00	2.13	
s w 1/4 of s w 1/4	18	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	
s 1/2 of s w 1/4	28	80	4.36	1.13	17	1.00	6.66	
s 1/2 of n e 1/4	30	80	4.36	1.13	17	1.00	6.66	
n 1/2 of s e 1/4	30	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	
s e 1/4 of s e 1/4	30	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	
s e 1/4 of n e 1/4	33	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	
s e 1/4 of n w 1/4	33	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	
s e 1/4 of s w 1/4	33	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	
s e 1/4 of s e 1/4	33	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	
s 1/2 of s e 1/4	33	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	
s 1/2 of n e 1/4	34	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	
s w 1/4 of s w 1/4	34	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	
n w 1/4 of s e 1/4	34	40	2.18	.57	09	1.00	3.84	



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